The New Era,

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICU[LTURE]

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. IX. NO. 12. NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1860.

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,

COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Court of Queen's Bench for the Counties of York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., Sharon, c. w.
June 3, 1858. tf-16

W. MOSLEY,
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench,
Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, 25th May, 1855. tf-17

J. SAXTON,
WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted.
Newmarket, September 9, 1853. tf-32

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.
BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to THOMAS NIXON, at the Bible Depository, opposite Howitt's Hotel.
Newmarket, March 26, 1856. tf-10

GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT,
Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,
MAIN Street Newmarket. All Orders executed with Despatch.
Newmarket, Feb. 6th, 1856. tf-v5n1

DR. BENTLEY,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
NEWMARKET,
Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.
Feb 20, 1857, tf-3

RAILROAD HOTEL,
NEWMARKET.
THE proprietor having again resumed the above HOTEL respectfully intimates to the travelling public that the premises have undergone a thorough repair, and he is now prepared for the reception of guests. The BAR contains Liquors of the best Brands; and the Larder well supplied.
JAS. FORSYTH.
Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1857. tf-37

Newmarket Iron Foundry.
JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.
☞ A number of SUGAR KETTLES, and STOVES, PLOUGHS, on hand for sale.
Newmarket, February 10th 1854. tf-1

UNITY FIRE & UNITY
GENERAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATIONS,
OF ENGLAND,
Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling.
J. W. MARSDEN,
Oct. 28, '58. Agent Newmarket.

S. M. Jarvis,
Barrister and Solicitor in Chancery
VICTORIA HALL—TORONTO.
BRANCH Office in Newmarket conducted by J. L. CAMPION, Esq.
Newmarket, Feb. 21, 1859. v7-tf-30

NORTH AMERICAN
HOTEL,
MAIN-STREET, NEWMARKET,
CHAS. BRELSFORD, Proprietor,
THE above Commodious Establishment has lately been re-fitted and refurnished for the accommodation of guests. The proprietor respectfully solicits a call from his many old friends, while visiting Newmarket.
☞ *Good Stabling, and a careful hostler.*
Newmarket, July 28th, 1859. tf-21

Whiskey Whiskey! Whiskey!
DOMESTIC AND TODDY,
OF Excellent Quality, by the *Barrel, Gallon or Quart.* For Sale cheap by.
tf-21 JOHN BENTLEY.

Razors, Scissors and Knives,
GROUND and set, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms, by
G. A. WALLACE.
Barber Shop,
2 Doors North of *M. W. Bogart's Store,*
Newmarket, November 10th, 1858. tf-39

Dr. D. E. SEYMOUR,
HŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE—West side Main-st., near the *New Era* building, Newmarket. C. W.
7, 1859. tf-21

C. Mortimer,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
AURORA.
A FRESH supply of Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, &c., &c,
Aurora, *March 16, 1860.* tf-5

Western Assurance Company,
OF TORONTO, C. W.,
CAPITAL $400,000.
P. D. KELLY, Ag't,
Brownsville.
Lloydtown P. O.
Brownsville, March 16, 1860. 1y-5

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
(LATE MAY'S OLD STAND.)
BY HENRY CROXON.
HOLLAND LANDING.
THESE premises have lately been thoroughly renovated and re-fitted for the accommodation of guests.
☞ Good Stabling and a careful hostler always in attendance.
Holland Landing, March 16, 1860. tf-5

'Yarksman's Home,"
BY JAS. McCLURE
HOLLAND LANDING.
THIS hotel is now thoroughly fitted up for the accommodation of Guests, and attached to it is one of the best Public Rooms in the Village.
JAS. McCLURE,
Licensed Auctioneer!
For the United Counties of York and Peel.
☞ Charges Moderate.
Holland Landing, March 22, 1860. 1y-6

Business Directory.

John T Stokes,
ARCHITECT &c., &c., SHARON, Canada West
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856. tf-51

T. Bishop & Son,
BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons. Dealers in Lime, &c. &c.
Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857. tf-14

A. BOULTBEE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. tf-36

R. MOORE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney. Conveyancer, &c. Office—in the New Court House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto.
Toronto, June 5, 1857.

JOHN R. JONES,
BARRISTER-at-Law, *Solicitor in Chancery,* Conveyancer, &c., &c. Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.
Toronto, June 20, 1855. 23-1y

NORTH RICHARDSON,
CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c. Commissioner in the Queen's Bench. Office—Old Stand. Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured
Newmarket, 1855. tf-1

INTERNATIONAL
Life Assurance Society of London,
Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.
ROBERT H. SMITH,
Agent.
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855. tf-41

DR. PYNE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has *REMOVED* to his new premises on Gorham Street, opposite the Woollen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.
Newmarket, May 14, 1856. tf-15

Dr. HACKETT,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR, &c.
RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Garbutt Hill.) Newmarket. v6tf-26

E. D. ROGERS,
JOINER AND CARPENTER,
IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage conferred since commencing business in this place, would respectfully intimate that he is prepared to contract for the
ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions—and furnish materials or otherwise, as may be agreed upon. He keeps constantly on hand, a good supply of Sash and Doors. All orders executed in a neat and substantial manner, and with dispatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 24, 1857. 1y34

William B. Sullivan,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c.—Office,—No. 2 Toronto-st., second door south of Post Office, Toronto, c. w.
November 4th, 1858. tf-38

RYAN & HALLEN,
CIVIL ENGINEERS,
AND
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS.
OFFICE—Newmarket, County of York.
JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALLEN.
December 23, 1856 tf-47

H. Noble, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR
Sharon, C. W.
February 23, 1860. v3n2

Hides! Hides! Hides!
THE Subscriber is prepared to pay CASH for hides.
THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, Dec. 9th, 1858. tf-43

For Sale.
ON very reasonable terms, a Building Lot, situated on the side line between King Station and King Horn, in the 4th Concession—within one mile of the Post Office. For further particulars apply at this Office.
February 7, 1859. E. JACKSON. tf-52

WALTER B. GEIKIE, M. D.,
Licentiate of the Medical Board of Upper Canada, and recently one of the Medical officers of the Toronto General Hospital, and Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Dr. Rolph's Medical School.
HAS returned to AURORA, and re-taken his former residence, on Yonge-street, where he may be consulted at all times, on the various branches of his profession.
Aurora, Dec. 15, 1859. tf-44

PURE COD LIVER OIL,
Can be Obtained at
Dr. NASH'S Medical Hall,
NEWMARKET.
HAVING just received a large supply; also, the Genuine Morse's Indian Root Pills, Holloway's Ointment, and Pills, Radways Relief, Pain Killer Fansteck's Vermefuge, Gandeus Worm Tea, Penney's Pills, Vegetable Antibillious Pills, Eye Salve, Cherry and Lung Wort and Cherry Pectoral.
The above are warranted genuine from the respective proprietors.
Newmarket, March 25th, 1858. tf-6

SIMPSON & DUNSPAUGH,
No. 35, King-st. East Toronto,
IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Spirits Turpentine; Patent Dryer, Zinc Paints, Artists' Materials, Essences,
Patent Medicines,
Fancy Goods, Perfumery, &c. Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.
Toronto, July 20th, 1859. 1y23

For Sale!
A Large STORE and DWELLING, in the Village of Aurora.
For particulars apply on the premises to
W. HUGHES.
Aurora, Feb. 9, 1860. tf-52

TEETH Extracted without Pain, by Oliver's Electro Magnetic Process, which is perfectly harmless, by
W. C. ADAMS,
Surgeon Dentist, 99 King-street East, south side, third door west from Church-street.
All operations in Dentistry carefully and skillfully performed.
Toronto, July 18, 1859. 1y-18

Poetry.

Hymn of the Laborer.

Thank God for toil, for hardship, whence
Come courage, patience, hardihood,
And for that sad experience
Which leaves flesh and blood;
Which leaves tears for another's woe!
Brother in toil respect thyself,
And let thy steadfast virtue show,
That man is noble far than pelf!

Thank God, that like the mountain-oak
My lot is with the storms of life;
Strength grows from out the tempest's shock;
And patience in the daily strife.
The horny hand, the furrowed brow,
Degrade not, howe'r sloth may deem,
'Tis this degrades—to cringe and bow,
And ape the vice we dis-esteem.

Thank God for toil; nor fear the face
Of wealth nor rank; fear only sin,
That blight which mars all outward grace,
And dims the light of peace within!
Give me thy hand, my brother, give
Thy hard and toil-stained hand to me;
We are no dreamers, we shall live
A brighter, better day to see!

Literature.

A PENNY.

Thirty years ago there was seen to enter the city of London a lad of about thirteen years of age. He was dressed in a dark smock frock that hid all his under apparel, and which appeared to have been made for a person evidently taller than the wearer. His boots were covered with dust from the high road. He had an old hat with a black band, which contrasted strangely with the covering of the head. A small bundle, fastened to a stick and thrown over his shoulder, was the whole of his equipment. As he approached the Mansion House, he paused to look at the buildings and seating himself on the steps at one of the doors, he was about to rest himself, but the coming in and going out of half a dozen persons before untying his bundle, made him leave that spot for the open space where the doors were in part closed.

Having taken from the bundle a large quantity of bread and cheese, which he seemed to eat with a ravenous appetite, he amused himself with all the eager curiosities of one unaccustomed to see similar sights.

The appearance of the youth soon attracted my curiosity, and gently opening the door I stood behind him without his being in the least concious of my presence. He now began rumaging his pockets, and after a great deal of trouble, brought out a roll of paper which he opened. After satisfying himself that a large copper coin was safe, he carefully put it back again, saying to himself in a low tone, "Mother I will remember your last words, 'a penny saved is two-pence earned.' It shall go hard with me before I part with you, old friend."

Pleased with this remark, I gently touched the lad on the shoulder. He started and was about to move away, when I said,

"My good lad you seem tired, and likewise a stranger in the city."

"Yes, sir," he answered, putting his hand to his hat. He was again about to move forward.

"You need not hurry away, my boy," I observed. "Indeed if you are a stranger, and willing to work, I can perhaps help you to get what you want."

The boy stood mute with astonishment and colored to such an extent as to show all the freckles of a sunburnt face, stammered out,

"Yes, sir,"

"I wish to know," I added, with all the kindness of manner I could assume, "whether you are anxious to find work, for I want a boy to assist my coachman."

The poor boy twisted and twirled his bauble about, and after placing his hand to his head he managed to utter an awkward answer, and said he would be very thankful.

I mentioned not a word about what I had overheard with regard to the penny, but inviting him into the house, I sent for the coachman, to whose care I entrusted the new comer.

Nearly a month had passed after this meeting and conversation had occurred, when I resolved to make some enquiries of the coachman regarding the conduct of the lad.

"A better lad never came into the house, sir; and as for wasting anything, bless me I know not where he has been brought up," but I really believe he would consider it a sin if he did not give the crumbs of bread to the birds every morning."

"I am glad to hear so good an account," I replied.

"And as for his good nature, sir, there is not a servant among us doesn't speak well of Joseph. He reads to us while we sup, and he writes all our letters for us. Oh, sir, he has got more learning than the whole of us put together, and what's more, he does not mind work, and never tells our secrets after he writes our letters."

Determined to see Joseph myself, I requested the coachman to send him to the parlor.

"I understand, Joseph, that you can read and write."

"Yes, sir, thanks to my poor dear mother."

"You have lately lost your mother then?"

"A month that very day when you were kind enough to take into the house an unprotected orphan," answered Joseph.

"Where did you go to school?"

"Sir, my mother had been a widow ever since I can remember. She was the daughter of a village schoolmaster, and having to maintain me and herself, with her needle, she took the opportunity of her leisure moments to teach me not only to read and write but to cast up accounts."

"And did she give you that penny which I saw you so carefully unroll at the door?"

Joseph stood amazed, but at length replied with great emotion, and a tear stood in his eye, "Yes, sir, it was the very last penny she gave me."

"Well, Joseph, so well satisfied am I of your conduct, that not only do I pay to you a months wages willingly for the time you have been here, but I must beg of you to fulfil the duties of collecting clerk for our firm, which has become vacant by the death of a very old and faithful assistant."

Joseph thanked me in a most unassuming manner, and I was asked to take care of his money since I had promised to supply him with suitable clothing for his new occupation.

It will be undecessary to relate how, step by step this poor country lad proceeded to win the confidence of myself and partner. The accounts were always correct to a penny; and whenever his salary became due, he drew out of my hands no more than he absolutely needed, even to a penny. At length he had saved a sufficient sum of money to be deposited in the bank.

It so happened that one of our customers, who carried on a successful business, wanted an active partner. This person was of eccentric habits and considerably advanced in years. Scrupulously just, be looked on every penny, and invariably discharged his workmen if they were not equally scrupulous in their dealings with him.

Aware of this peculiarity of temper, there was no person I could recommend but Joseph, and after overcoming the repugnance of my partner, who was unwilling to be deprived of so valuable an assistant, Joseph was duly received into the firm of Richard Fair, Bro. & Co. Prosperity attended Joseph in his new undertaking, and never suffering a penny difference to appear in his transactions he so completely won the confidence of his senior partner, that he left him the whole of his business, as he expressed it in his will, even to the last penny."

A Beautiful Extract.

It was night. Jerusalem slept as quietly amid her hills, as a child upon the breast of its mother. The noiseless sentinel stood like a statute at his post, and the philosopher's lamp burned dimly in the recess of the chamber.

But a darker night was abroad upon the earth. A moral darkness involved the nations in its unlighted shadows. Reason shed a faint glimering over the mind of man, like the cold and insufficient shining of a distant star. The immortality of man's spiritual nature was unknown, his relations to heaven undiscovered, and his future destiny obscured in a cloud of mystery.

It was at this period that two forms of an aerial mould hovered about the land of God's chosen people. They seemed like sister angels, sent to earth on some embassy of love.

The one of majestic statue and well formed limb, which her snowy drapery hardly concealed, in her erect bearing and steady eye, exhibited the highest degree of strength and confidence. Her right arm was exhibited in an impressive gesture upward, where night appeared to have placed her darkest pavillion, while on the left reclined her delicate companion, in form and in countenance the contrast of the other, for she was drooping like a flower, when moistned with refreshing dews, and her bright but troubled eyes scanned the air with ardent but varying glances. Suddenly a light, like the sun, flashed out from the heavens, and Faith and Hope hailed with exulting songs the ascending star of Bethlehem.

Years rolled away, and the stranger was seen in Jerusalem. He was a meek unassuming man, whose happiness seemed to consist in acts of benevolence to the human race. There were deep traces of sorrow on his countenance, though no one knew why he grieved, for he lived in the practice of every virtue, and was loved by all the good and wise. By and by, it was rumored that the stranger worked meracles; that the blind saw, the dumb spoke, the dead leaped, the ocean moderated its chafing tide and the very thunder articulated—he is the Son of God. Envy assailed him with the charge of impiety, and the voice of impious judges condemned him to death. Slowly and thickly guarded, he ascended the hill of Calvary. But Faith leaned on his arm, and Hope, dipping her pinions in his blood, mounted to the skies.

Parliamentary.

Legislative Assembly.

QUEBEC, Friday, April 20.

After routine business Bills were introduced, To Disqualify Sheriffs and Clerks of Division Courts from being members of the Municipal Councils of U. C.

To enable County and Township Councils of Upper Canada, to take tolls of bridges under their control, without being subject to the provisions under the Joint Stock Companies' Act.

To further amend the Act providing for the formation of Joint Stock Companies for supplying Cities, Towns, and Villages with gas and water.

In reply to Mr. Benjamin,

The Finance Minister said it was the intention of the Government to proceed in comittee on Tuesday, with the resolutions relative to a Bank of Issue. If the committee approved of them then a bill would be introduced. The Government, however, had no intention of pressing the measure this Session as it was one of great importance, and they were anxious to afford the public a full opportuity of considering it.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald asked Mr. Brown to postpone the consideration of his resolutions on the Constitutional relations of Upper and Lower Canada until Monday week at which time though it would be a great personal inconvenience, he would be present.

Mr. Brown declined to acceed to the request as he was afraid so long a delay might leave the consideration of the subject till too near the close of the Session to have a full and fair discussion.

The House then went into Committee of supply.

Mr. Brown commenced his speech in reply to Mr. Galt's financial statement, by declaring that the country was in infinitely worse position than last year. From indisposition he was unable to continue. Various items were then passed.

The items $4,444 to Upper Canada College was struck out and $5000 each was given to Victoria and Queen's Colleges; and $4000 to the Grammar School Fund of Upper Canada.

The Lying in Hospital of Seurs de la Misericorde, Montreal had an allowance of $600.

The Deaf and Dumb institution $1000.

The items of $5000 for the Montreal General Hospital being read,

Mr. Ferres said it was quite disproportionate to its benefits.

Mr. Brown said that Montreal had more than one fourth of the public charities and should be satisfied.

Mr. Galt said it was not expedient to increase the grant.

The item was adopted.

The Militia appropriations were passed over, Mr. Brown desiring them to be thoroughtly discussed.

On the items for Arts, Agriculture and Statistics,

Mr. Galt said in consideration of the inauguration of Victoria Bridge and the consequent great influx of strangers it had been deemed advisable to appropriate £20,000 for a provincial exhibition at Montreal.

Mr. Willson and Mr. MacDougall contended that Toronto ought to have an appropriation also.

Mr. Galt said Montreal was the chief seat of manufactures, and the best place for the exhibition.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald regretted such sectionalism, and was in favour of one grand national exhibition.

Mr. Brown said Toronto, Kingston and Hamilton had erected buildings at their own cost, and there was no reason why the Province should pay for a building at Montreal.

Mr. Galt said the appropriation was chiefly intended to defray the cost of conveying articles for Exhibition.

Mr. Brown considered such a sum totally insufficient for that purpose. At least £20,000 would be necessary.

Mr. Robinson suggested that £20,000 be given to Montreal and the same sum to Canada West.

The item was then adopted.

The Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again on Monday.

The House then adjourned at 11.30 p. m.

QUEBEC, April 23.

To-day at 3:30 p. m., His Excellency the Governor General proceeded in State to the Chamber of the Legislative Council in the Parliament Buildings, the members of the Legislative Council being assembled His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the Legislative Assembly, and that House being present the following Bills were assented to in Her Majesty's name by his Excellency, namely:—

Act to amend an Act respecting representation of the people in Legislative Assembly.

Act to provide for the election of Speaker of Legislative Council.

Act to grant additional aid to Canadian line of steamers, and for extension of the line of Telegraph to Belle Isle.

Act to remove doubts as to the validity of marriages solemnized in Lower Canada by the religious society of Friends, commonly called Quakers, and for other purposes.

Act to divide the township of Windsor, County of Richmond, into two distinct municipalities.

Act to establish a standard weight for Hay and Straw.

Act to incorporate Art Association of Montreal.

Act to incorporate the Compton High School.

Act respecting sale and management of Public Lands.

Act to consolidate the debt of the County of Middlesex.

Act to amend the 17th chapter of Consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada as regards the appointment of constables.

Act relating to Sinking Fund for the redemption of Imperial Guaranteed Loan.

Act to prevent unlicenced sale of Intoxicating Liquors in unorganized lands in this Province.

His Excellency then retired.

Foreign and Colonial.

Arrival of the Africa.

NEW YORK, April 27.

The Africa arrived this morning. She brings dates to the 14th.

English politics unimportant. The Parliamentary recess is contiuned.

It is rumored that the Count de Persigny will have the French foreign department, and Baron Thouvenel the London mission.

The French Legislature had before them a bill permitting raw materials to be imported in foreign vessels at the same rate of duty as in French vessels.

The Bank of France lost nine million francs cash during the month. Bourse firm at 70f 20c.

It is reported that there is a continued exchange of notes on the Swiss question.

Switzerland protested, in advance, against any violation of her rights which may result from the vote.

The Cabinet of the new Italian kingdom is to be composed of three members from Piedmont, two from Romagna, and one from Tuscany.

The King of Sardinia, in his Central Italian tour will visit the Legations.

Accounts relative to the insurrection of Sicily are of a conflicting nature.

Government despatches assert that all is tranquil, and other authorities report the insurrection as spreading, and that there was great agitation at Naples where a temporary panic had prevailed.

Palermo was in a state of seige. The combat there was very bloody.

Disturbances continued at Messina at latest dates.

Spain tranquil. The rumored capture of Count Montemolin and his brother lacks confirmation.

There are rumours at Vienna of negotiations for an alliance between Austria, Prussia and England.

The Duke of Barbant was at Constantinople, and it is reported that he is negotiating for the purchase of the Island of Candia for 40 millions of francs.

According to the London *Morning Chronicle* good relations between France and England are fully restored.

A bill is to be introduced into Parliament making the Red River Settlement one of the ordinary Colonies of the Crown.

The Bishop of Orleans had refused a Cardinal's hat.

MODENA AND LOMBARDY.

A great manifestation took place at Rome on the 12th instant, in commemoration of the Pope's return in 1850.

Garabaldi had affirmed, in the Chamber of Deputies at Turin, the voting of Nice will be attacked under French pressure. He censured the election of the provisional government of Nice, as attacking the liberty of the vote, and proposed the adjournment of the vote in that province. An order of the day was adopted, expressing the hope that the government would effectually provide for the liberty of the vote in Savoy.

According to the *Nord* Count Cavour had ordered two steam frigates to the coast of Sicily to shelter all fugitives from political vengeance.

The City of Palermo was for union with the new Italian Kingdom.

A letter from Naples says the conflict at Palermo was very bloody, most of the insurgents having perished at the barricades.

The army in Sicily was said to be augmented to 30,000 men.

The insurgents are said to number 10,000 well armed men.

A French war steamer, which touched at Messina, says that on the night of the 8th the fire of guns and muskets was incessant.

It was said that Francis Joseph was about to visit the Queen of England.

The Sultan recalled Omar Pasha from exile and had determined upon appointing him commander of the army in Rounelia.

The India and China mails arrived by the Africa, but there is no news of interest.

The advance of the rate of interest by the Bank of England had rather a favourable influence on the funds, which were firm and rather higher. The demand for money was less pressing.

The bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £164,000.

American securities were generally higer but without annimation.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL SUNDAY.

The insurrection at Palermo and Messina was suppressed. At the latter place the conflict was severe. The Governor threatened to bombard the city but the inhabitants only yielded on obtaining the promise that the police the principal cause of irritation, should be removed.

At Palermo the Monks fought like lions, several were killed and many arrested. The whole nation is disgusted and desparate.

Advices from Madrid state that Senior Corrion, the insurrectionist, had been shot. Ortego's trial had commenced.

BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Breadstuffs generally advancing. Flour firm; wheat 1d to 2d higher; red 10s 4d to 10s 10d; white 11s to 12s 6d. Corn advanced 1s to 1s 6d; yellow 36s to 36s 9d; white 37 to 38s.

Agricultural.

On the Best Mode of Raising Carrots, and their Value for Stock.

The varieties of carrots most commonly raised are the long orange, white Belgian, and the improved Altringham. I believe that the long orange carrot is generally preferred as a field crop, although the white Belgian will sometimes produce larger crops. Like all other plants designed for field culture, the carrot has been wonderfully improved in its nature and the abundance of its produce. Such is the great productiveness of this crop, under the best culture, that few, if any others, can equal it in value. The soils best suited to the culture, of carrots, are deep rich loams, and rich reclaimed bogs. Good sandy loams will also produce abundantly. Light, sandy soils will yield good crops, if well manured and thoroughly pulverized; in short, any soil sufficiently rich, and that can be cultivated to the depth of ten or twelve inches, will bring excellent crops. The soil must be thoroughly pulverized to a considerable depth—not less than ten inches will answer, at any rate. All weeds, roots, and stones, should be raked off. As many of the weeds as possible should be caused to vegetate and removed before the carrots are sown, which will save much after trouble in keeping the rows clean. Old, well-rotted manure, should be used, as unfermented dung is apt to cause the 'fangs' to grow instead of the long roots.

The manure should be plowed in and well incorporated with the soil as early in the spring as possible, and the ground plowed several times. By plowing the last time with a side-hill plow—thus turning the furrows all one way, and when four or five furrows are plowed, raking them, the raker standing in the last furrow, and drawing all the rubbish into the furrow, then plowing more, etc.,—we obviate the necessity of trampling on the ground, and leave it light and smooth.

Put in the seed in drills 20 inches apart, with a machine. I think they yield quite as large a crop drilled at this width, or even two feet, as if they were closer together, and with less rows to work. We find they can be grown with greater profit by working the carrots cleaner, or a small horse cultivator, between the rows, then if all the work had to be bone by hand. We plant from the middle to the last of May; and do not know but those planted late do as well as those planted earlier. Two lbs. of seed are sufficient for an acre. A little white mustard seed may be mixed in to good advantage, as it serves to mark the rows by its more rapid growth, and enables us to keep the weeds down without disturbing the rows. As soon as the carrots show their third leaf, they should be hoed and cleaned from weeds. Thin them out to about six inches apart in the rows; after this, hoe and weed them often enough to keep them clean. Clean culture is absolutely necessary, to have carrots do anything. The frequent use of the carrot-cleaner will greatly expedite this business.

For digging, a subsoil plow may be used, running it on the left hand side of the row, which will raise them, if your team work steady so that two men can pull them and keep up with the team. We harvest them from the 10th to the 25th of November. The freezing of the top of the ground does not injure them; but it is not safe to let them stand too long, lest they should be frozen in solid, so that they cannot be pulled. Throw them in heaps and cart them to the barn, as it is more comfortable cutting off the tops there than in fields. The tops may be fed to the cows as soon as they are cut off; they make excellent seed, increasing the richness of the milk and butter. The roots will keep better if cut off about an inch above the crown. A cellar that will keep potatoes is too warm for them, they keep better where they can be kept cool.—If piled in large quantities, there should be chimneys, made of slates, and set up every few feet through the pile, in order to ventilate them and keep them from heating. In this way they may be kept well till June. If buried in the ground, they must not be piled too deep, and the ventilators should be left open as late as possible.

Carrots are the most valuable of all roots for horses. Every person who keeps a horse should feed some, as they aid in the digestion of the food, and keep the horses in better condition than when fed on grain alone; they also keep his coat [...] had been oiled. I ca[...] condition on four qua[...] carrots a day, than on [...] fed to cows, they make [...] butter yellower. Their [...] proved to be superior [...] roots. Six or eight bu[...] acre is a common crop, an[...] frequently been obtained.

Potato Planting.

Next to having good seed, it is [...] to know how to plant them. The [...] is Professor Mapes method.—Plow [...] deep, next harrow. Then make furrow[s] inches deep and about three feet apar[t] Drop whole potatoes once in two feet, and cover them with a plow with about three inches of earth. When the tops make their appearance pretty generally, plow over them three inches more of earth. If necessary to hoe them after this, do it, but keep the ground level. Six inches is about the right depth to plant potatoes, but half of the earth at a time is better than the whole at once. New potatoes grow from the sprouts above the seed potatoe, but never under it. Frequent hilling make small potatoes to its very top if hilled as high, but the greater the number, the smaller the average size.

Domestic Receipes.

FOR SUNBURN.—The following is recommended for sunburn—Take two drachms of borax, one drachm of Roman alum, one drachm of camphor, half an ounce of sugar candy, and a pound of ox gall. Mix and stir well for ten minutes or so, and repeat this, stirring three or four times a day for a fortnight, till it appears clear and transparent. Strain through blotting-paper, and bottle up for use.

POTATO CRUST.—Boil six good-sized mealy potatoes, and mash them fine; add salt, a spoonful of butter and two of water while they are hot. Then work in flour enough for making a paste to roll out, or put in two or three spoonsful of cream, and no butter or water. This is a good crust for pot-pies or dumplings.

BLUE INK.—Take sulphate of indigo, dilute it with water till it produces the color required. It is with sulphate very largely diluted, that the faint blue lines of ledgers and other account books are ruled. If the ink were used strong, it would be necessary to add chalk to it to neutralize the acid. The sulphate of indigo may be had of the woollen dyers.

SMASHED EGGS.—Break four eggs into a stewpan, with one ounce of butter, half a teaspoonful of salt, and pinch of pepper, put it on the fire, stir continually, and as soon as delicately set, serve. These can be served with either green peas, spruce grass, mushrooms, which must be stewed and prepared as if ready to serve; put some in the stewpan with the eggs, and proceed as before. If meagre, use cream instead of butter.

Days to be Born on.

Born on a Sunday, a gentleman;
Born on a Monday, fair in face;
Born on a Tuesday, full of grace;
Born on a Wednesday, sour and grum;
Born on a Thursday, welcome home;
Born on a Friday, free in giving;
Born on a Saturday, work hard for your living.

We do not remember the day we were born on, but according to the above, it must have been on Saturday.—*Utica Telegraph.*

☞ Why are hoops like church towers? They surround the bells (belles.)

☞ The man who overstepped the bounds of decorum, has footted it back.

☞ The best modern illustration of the obscure—the verdict of the coroner's jury.

☞ What the Italian Boot does not want,—more Austrian welting or French binding.

☞ There is a firm in New York under the mild and soothing tittle of 'Snapp and Byte.

☞ If you lost your nose, what would you do for another? Take the first that turns up.

☞ The young blood who went out on a lark, returned on the shoulders of two watchmen.

☞ Snooks says the ladies no longer set their caps to catch beaus—they spread their skirts.

☞ A bad hat taken to an evening party, frequently came out the next day as good as new.

☞ 'What's in a dress?' asks a popular writer. Sometimes a great deal, and sometimes precious little.

☞ Some Irishman proposes to have a wake over the 'dead of night.'

☞ The hardest situation of a grumbler, is to feel like grumbling and have nothing to grumble at.

☞ Mrs. Brown says that her husband is such a blunderer, that he cannot put on a new boot without putting his foot in it.

☞ An emigrant to Missouri from New Hampshire writes that the people die so fast that every man has his third wife, and every woman is a widow.

PHYSICKING AN EXCISE OFFICER.—A Glasgow apothecary, porofiting by the new law has been reaping a fortune by selling 'medicine' on Sundays marvellously like whiskey. He labelled it 'cholera mixture,' and numberless were the patients who found themselves in want of a dose. Amongst others, an excise officer had a fancy to partake. The vender knowing his man, gave him such a physicking that he had no desire for another glass.

GROCER.—"Well Agustus, you have been an apprentice these three months, and have seen the several departments in our line of business; I wish now to give you a choice of occupation."

Apprentice.—"Thank'ee sir."

Grocer.—"Well, now, what part of the business do you like best?"

Gus.—(With a sharpness beyond his age.) "Shutting up, sir."

[...] & TRENT,
[...] many thanks the patron[age] [...] by the public generally, [...] friends and patrons, that [...] are
[...]NG OUT
STOCK OF
SUMMER
LOWEST
ICE,
confine them[selves] [...] doing business [...] their Stock

Amusements.

☞ Why are prety ... to Church. meal cake? Because the ... heart-burn.

☞ I didn't say, your ... Olubine. was intoxicated; no, not ... this I will say — When I ... washing his face to a mud ... on the door mat." ... arket.

☞ A Callander, app ... observed to keep his ... bridget. Upon being ... plied: "Sure and wor... there to kepe out of t...

8,42 a.m.
5,50 p.m.
9,10 a.m
5,55 p.m.

☞ Some tasteful ... remarks, that the ... is a kiss. This ... great care, howe... affection of th...

☞ Mr. Bo... to give up Clai... of the visit of ... of Wales, she... Hamilton as ... idence for ...

The New Era.

Friday, May 4, 1860.

Summary.

...y in England, lately plow... roll in one day. It is said ... about forty horses to have per... amount of labor in the same time. ... y some six shillings per acre.

☞ Mr McMicken has introduced a bill, with ... its a debtor to give an acknowledgement as ... to his creditor, which is to have the full ...'s judgement. Three months must elapse, before the goods can be sold to satisfy the claim.

☞ The office of Queen's Printer at Quebec, has been decided to be continued on a vote of 49 to 44—only five difference. If all reports be true, enough is lost on the public printing for the country, to pay the ordinary expenses of the Legislature; and yet the Government have determined to continue the system.

☞ On Monday last Mr Brown charged Mr Galt, (the Finance Minister) with issuing debentures upon old Acts, and devoting the proceeds to other purposes than was intended when the Acts were passed. This Act was strongly denounced by Mr Galt when his predecessor (Mr Cayley) done the same thing.

☞ Another letter has been received from "A friend of the Deceased," on the Inquest affair, but too late for this issue. We shall have to open our columns for a reply, when we hope the discussion will cease, unless merely to correct mis-statements.

☞ An adjourned meeting of the merchants and others, favorable to the formation of a Board of Trade, will be held in the Court House, Newmarket, this (Friday) evening, to receive the Report of the Committee, and complete the organization of the Board. Chair to be taken at eight o'clock precisely.

☞ By reference to our advertising columns, it will be observed that Mr. E. G. Irwin has received an agency for the sale of "Portable Patent Copying Presses." We have had one in use in this office for some time, and find it speedy and useful. Every business man should have one, as it will save much time in copying letters of importance, contracts, &c.

☞ The Collingwood Shale Oil Factory was destroyed by fire on Saturday last. The accident occurred through the carelessness of one of the employees holding a lighted candle at the outlet of one of the stills. Besides the building about 1,500 gallons of oil was consumed. The machinery being but slightly injured, it is expected the factory will be in full operation in about ten days.

☞ Do you take a Good Monthly Agricultural Paper? If not, now is your time.—The May number of the *Genesee Farmer*, which we have so frequently commended, is received, and the publisher offers to take for the half year commencing with the July number, for 25 cents! That is cheap enough; but he also offers to give all who subscribe before the end of May a copy of the June number for nothing!! The *Genesee Farmer* is just the paper that every farmer and gardener should have, and now is the time to get it.—Send the 25 cents in stamps at once to Joseph Harris, Rochester, N. Y.

The New School Bill.

We furnish our readers this week a short synopsis of the above bill, as follows:—

Sec. 1—Enacts that any school teacher refusing to give up the register or key of the School House, on the demand of the Trustees shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and forfeit whatever claim he may have upon said Trustees.

Sec. 2—Provides for attaching parts of school sections, made so by the incorporation of Villages; in case they are so set apart, the moneys paid as rates towards the erection of a Schol House within two years prior to such incorporation, to be paid back.

Sec. 3—Enacts that no person shall be qualified to vote at any election of trustees, unless he shall have been assessed and paid school-rates as a householder or freeholder. Any rate-payer may require a voter to make a declaration before the chairman of the meeting, as to whether he is qualified to vote or not.

Sec. 4—The polling in rural sections to be kept open till four p. m.; and in cities, towns and villages, the same time as is allowed for the election of municipal councillors.

Sec. 5—Relates to the alteration of school-sections.

Sec. 6—The acting trustees of any school-section are prohibited from entering into any contract, or doing any work for which he expects to receive remuneration, except for the sale of a school site or the collection of rates under a warrant.

Sec. 7—No act of the Trustees to be binding unless transacted at a regular or special meeting, and entered into the books kept by the Board.

Sec. 8—Enacts that a public meeting shall be called by the Trustees between the 16th and 28th days of December, annually, for the purpose of appointing Auditors of the school accounts of the section, who shall report at the annual meeting. The Auditors have power to send for persons or papers, and any Trustee refusing to give up papers demanded shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished.

Sec. 9—In case trustees refuse to comply with the award made by any arbitrators appointed for settling matters of difference, within twenty days, they shall be held personally responsible for the amount of such award. No want of form to invalidate the proceedings.

Sec. 10—Trustees may dispose of school-sites and apply the proceeds for lawful school purposes.

Sec. 11—No person shall be eligible to be elected or serve as school-trustee, who is not a resident, assessed freeholder or householder in the section: nor shall any teacher, local superintendent, saloon-keeper or inn-keeper hold the office of trustee, and a continuous non-residence from any section, by any trustee, for three months, shall cause the vacancy of his office.

Sec. 12—Trustees are prohibited from making an agreement with a teacher for a longer period than their term of office; and any contract, to be binding, must be signed by the parties and the corporate seal of the section attached.

Sec. 13—Local Superintendents to receive and decide upon any complaints which may be made with regard to elections, or in regard to any proceedings at School Meetings. All complaints to be made in writing.

Sec. 14—Local Superintendents to decide upon disputed boundaries between sections: Any appeals from their decisions, in any case, to be referred to the Chief Superintendent for final settlement.

Sec. 15—Arbitrators appointed under any provisions of the school law shall be entitled to the same pay as Municipal Councillors in the County—to be paid by the parties the said arbitrators shall award to pay costs.

Sec. 16—Enacts that the Board of Instruction shall meet half-yearly. Pay to be the same as County Councillors. Incidental expenses of fuel, printing, &c., to be paid by the County. Should a dispute arise between the Board and County Council, in regard to expenses, the matter to be referred to the County Judge for decision.

Sec. 17—Every public school to be open from three to four o'clock on each Friday afternoon for the special religious instruction of the pupils by their ministers or the representatives of the respective persuasions. In cities, towns and villages where there are as many school-*rooms* as may be required for the separate accommodation of the pupils of each religious persuasion, such rooms shall be allowed for the purpose. Ministers of religious persuasions may meet with the pupils of his charge, at such other place as they shall provide for the purpose, and instruct them.

Sec. 18—Every Saturday to be a holiday in all the public schools.

Sec. 19—Every person elected as Trustee must make a declaration before the chairman of the Annual Meeting; in case of refusal shall be liable to a fine. Any chairman neglecting to transmit to the local superintendent a copy of the proceedings of an annual or other school meeting within ten days, shall be liable to a fine of not more than five dollars.

Sec. 20—Trustees not fineable, or liable for damages, while acting under any By-law of the Municipal Council.

Sec. 21—Collectors of school-rates have the same powers and are under the same obligations, in their respective school municipalities, as township collectors.

Sec. 22—Only one Local Superintendent allowed for each County, unless the number of common schools exceed 150, in which case there may be two. No one to be appointed to that office not an experienced teacher and possessing qualifications above those of a first class teacher. Each Local Superintendent to hold office during pleasure, and to receive not less than five dollars for each school under his charge. County Councils have power to transfer, by resolution, the appointment of Local Superintendents to the Board of Public Instruction, in which case none but persons acquainted with the system of teaching practiced in the Provincial Normal and Model Schools, shall be appointed.

Sec. 23—Local Superintendent has power to suspend a provincial certificate as well as county certificate.

Sec. 24—Gives the Chief Superintendent power to submit any question for decision to the superior courts.

Sec. 25—Relates to printing copies of annual reports.

Sec. 26—Gives power to the Superintendent of Education to assist Mechanics' Institutes and all other institutions receiving legislative aid in Upper Canada, to establish and maintain libraries, &c.

This concludes the Act so far as relates to Common Schools. We shall give the Grammar School clauses next week. It is not the intention of the Government, we believe, to press this act the present session,—the country, therefore, will have time to consider its clauses fully, and discuss it.

Stouffville Branch Ag. Society.

The Secretary, E. Wheler, Esq., of the above Society has kindly forwarded the following list of premiums awarded by the above Society, at their spring Show. We understand the attendance was large, and everything passed off to the satisfaction of all concerned,—

Judges of Horses—Mr Davis, Joseph Wixen and John Johnson.

Imported Draught Stallion—2 entries—1st prize John Sanderson; 2nd, Wm Scott.

Canadian Draught Stallions—5 entries—1st prize Wm McNair; 2nd Wm Crawford; 3rd P. McPhillips.

Imported Stallion for General purposes—1 entry—1st prize John Sanderson.

Canadian Stallion for General Purposes—8 entries—1st prize Simon Shunk; 2nd Newberry Button; 3rd A. Saugster.

Brood Mares in foal—3 entries—1st prize B. Brownsberger; 2nd P. Wideman; 3rd N. Button.

Bulls—2 entries—1st prize E. Wheler; 2nd A. Stouffer.

Cows for Dairy purposes—2 entries—1st E. Wheler; 2nd could not be found by the Judges.

Beef, Ox, Steer or Cow—2 entries—1st prize C. Lehman; 2nd P. Wideman.

Boar, large breed—No entries.

Sow, large breed—1 entry—1st prize E. Wheler.

Boar small breed—No entry.

Sow small breed—2 entries—1st prize E. Wheler; 2nd J. Jermain.

Wooden Plough—3 entries—1st prize T. and G. Morgan; 2nd John Jermain.

Iron Plough—No entry.

Set Double Harrows—no entry.

Cultivator—2 entries—1st prize G. Robinson; 2nd T. & G. Morgan.

Roller—2 entries—1st prize Thomas Todd.

County Ag. Society.

Pursuant to notice given, a meeting of the Directors of the North York Electoral District Ag. Society took place, in the Court House, Newmarket on Saturday last.

After reading and confirming the minutes of last meeting, Dr. Bentley, as one of the Auditors of the Society's accounts, presented their report.

On motion of Mr Jackson, seconded by Mr Stephens, the report was received and adopted.

On motion of Mr Eves, seconded by Mr Stephens, a cheque-book was ordered to be prepared, in order to facilitate the business of future auditing and assist the Secretary and Treasurer in their duties.

Moved by Mr. Stephens, seconded by Mr. F. Smith, and—

Resolved—That the Directors of this Society having decided upon holding their next Annual Exhibition in Newmarket, make the following proposition to the Council of the above Municipality, viz:—that providing the said Municipality erect suitable shelter for the protection of perishable articles, Fine Arts, Manufactures, &c, and Pens for the accommodation of Sheep, Cattle, Swine, &c., and enclosing a suitable plot of ground for the exhibition in general, they (the said Council) may make a charge, as entrance fee to such building or structure, of ten cents; and twelve and a half cents for the occupancy of each pen.—Members of the Association in good standing, and children under 10 years of age, to be admitted free; and that the Secretary be requested to communicate in writing this resolution to the Municipality, and solicit an answer at the earliest convenience.—Carried.

Mr Eves moved, seconded by Mr O. Chappel, That in the event of the Council of Newmarket declining to undertake the erection of accomodations for the next Fall Exhibition, the following gentlemen be appointed as a committee to make the necessary arrangements and provide accommodation, viz:—Messrs. Jackson, Sutherland, and F. Smith.—Carried.

There being no appeal cases, from the Spring Show, the meeting adjourned till the last Saturday in August next, then to meet at the Court House, Newmarket, at 2 o'clock p.m.

Queen's Birth Day Celebration.

A public meeting was called by the Reeve, D. Sutherland, Esq., on Wednesday evening last, to take into consideration in what manner the inhabitants of this village would celebrate the Anniversary of Her Gracious Majesty's Birth-Day. After appointing Mr J. W. Marsden Chairman of the meeting, and Mr E Jackson Secretary, a resolution was adopted affirming that the citizens will celebrate the day.—A Committee was then appointed, consisting of Messrs. Hunter, Sutherland. McMaster, Allan, Wm Wallis, Bache, William Bishop Trent, Harton, Roadhouse, M W. Bogart, R. Brodie, N. Botsford, R. Cooke, and R. Wallis, to make necessary arrangements, by taking such steps as they might deem expedient.

No doubt the Committee will meet immediately, and the public will be advised by placard of the conclusions arrived at. Should they decide on making a subscription to cover expenses, we hope the people of Newmarket will furnish ample evidence of their liberality and loyalty to the best Queen that ever graced a British Throne.

Mechanics' Institute.

The Annual General meeting of the Newmarket Mechanics' Institute took place on Monday evening, in the Court House. The President—Mr Wm Trent, in the chair.

After reading and confirming the minutes of last meeting, the Secretary read the Annual Report, setting forth the present condition of the Society, and recapitulating the field of its operations last year.

On motion of Mr. J. B. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. Grieve, the Report was received and adopted.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of office-bearers for the ensuing year, and resulted as follows:—

Rev. Thos. Baker,—President.
R. H. Smith, Esq.,—1st Vice President.
Mr. E. P. Irwin,—2nd Vice President.
Committee—Drs. Bentley and Pyne, and Messrs. McMaster, Hughes, Marsden and Dudley.

After the transaction of some other business, and passing a vote of thanks to the President for his able and efficient services,—to which he replied—the meeting adjourned.

King's Division—Legislative Council.

The Reformers of King's Division, embracing the Townships of Vaughan, Markham, Pickering, Scarboro', Whitby and Etobicoke, are beginning to move in the right direction. Several candidates are spoken of, but arrangements are being completed for holding a convention to decide between them. This is the proper course, and we make no doubt the Reformers of that Division will go to the polls united upon one man. The election takes place next fall.

Among the gentlemen spoken of as candidates we find David Reesor, Esq., the Warden for these United Counties; G. Bell, Esq., a Lawyer well known throughout the constituency; A. Farewell, Esq., of Oshawa, also a very capable man, with others: either of whom, we are fully persuaded, could carry the constituency. The Division is thoroughly Reform, as a proof we may cite the fact, that it is represented in the Lower House by members of the Opposition.

It would be premature to discuss the relative merits of these gentlemen at present, as they are not formally before the Division; but as soon as matters assume a definite shape we will be prepared to do so, and then leave our readers interested to form their own opinions. No doubt the Ministry will will bring forward their strongest man, and nothing will be lost undone to make the constituency tell a different tale than at the last General Election for the Assembly. Let Reformers, therefore, sink minor differences, and be governed by the high and noble principles that should ever actuate them in endeavoring to secure the triumph of the party.

King Township Plowing Match.

The above plowing match and spring show in connection therewith, took place on the farm of Mr. N. Weller, near Nobleton, on the 20th ultimo. The weather on the morning of the show was rather inclement, a drizzling rain falling, which no doubt prevented many from being present. As it was, however, the attendance was large, and a good deal of interest was manifested. Indisposition prevented our being in attendance, and we clip the following list of prizes from the *Herald*:—

Judges of Stock.—Joseph Wood, King; George Pearson, King; and Alfred Jeffrey, Vaughan.

Judges for Ploughing.—Robert Norman, King; William Rogers, Tecumseth; and James McMurchy Vaughan.

Prize List.—1st Class.

1st, Joseph Heacock, Kettleby......$6 00
2nd, Hugh McLean, Vaughan...... 4 00
3rd, Benjamin Hollingshead, King.... 2 00

2nd Class.

1st, John Jeffrey, Vaughan..........$6 00
2nd, Elias Bogart, King.......... 4 00
3rd, Wm. Jeffrey, Vaughan......... 2 00

3rd Class.

1st, Ribbing Plough presented to the Society, by Mr. Joseph Gaby, Richmond Hill, to Henry Buchanan, King $6 00
2nd, John Wesley, Nobleton........ 4 00
3rd, Thomas Wittis, Vaughan........ 2 00

Draught Horses.

1st, "William Wallace," J. Saunderson, Markham..................$6 00
2nd, "Gamboy," William McNair, Markham......................$4 00

General Purposes.

1st, "King Alfred," John Colley, Albion,..........................$6 00
2nd, "Success," John Addison, Vaug'n 4 00

Bulls—*Two years and over.*

1st Amos Hollingshead, King........$5 00
2nd, John Addison, Vaughan....... 4 00
3rd, Joseph Baldwin, Laskey....... 3 00

Under two years old.

1st, William Porter, King.........$5 00
2nd, Seth Heacock, King......... 4 00
3rd, John Larking, King 3 00

Prizes for those who sold the greatest number of tickets of membership of the Society, confined to members of the committee:

1st, Silas Snider, Kettleby, sold 89....$4 00
2nd, Richard Wells, King, sold 68.... 3 00
3rd, J. R. Rowe, King, sold 51.... 1 00

Total number of Entries for Ploughing.—1st class, 8; 2nd, 5; 3rd, 10, Horses, 10; general purposes, 5; draught, 5. Bulls, 9, two yrs old and over, 4; under 2 years, 5

Whichurch Council.

(The following, synopsis of proceedings was received from the Clerk, Mr. J. W. Collins; but by accident was omitted last week.—Ed. Era.)

The above Council met at Mr. Saugster's inn, Stouffville, on Tuesday the 17th inst., at ten o'clock a.m., as a Court of Appeal and Revision of Assessment. Members all present. The Reeve, (John Ironside) in the chair.

The only case of appeal being that of Miss Huldah Starr, on personal property against the legality of the assessment, appellant being neither freeholder nor householder.

Mr Charles Starr, appeared for appellant.

After hearing the evidence, and an exchange of views, &c.

On motion of Mr. Macklem, seconded by Mr Randall, the Assessment Roll, as presented by the Assessor, was confirmed.

When the Court adjourned *sine die.*

Council in session. The Reeve in the chair.

When several petitions were brought up by the Reeve and read, viz:

One from Joshua Miller, with sureties for a Tavern License, on lot No. 20 in the 8th con.

One from William Christieson and others, for aid on the 2nd Con., from lots 5 to 8.

One from Thomas Lloyd and others, for aid on the 4th Con. from lots 5 to 8.

One from Willam Harden and others, for aid to open the side-road, between lots 10 and 11, in the 3rd Con.; from Christopher Smith and others, for aid on the 3rd Con. at lot No. 7.

One from William Brow, for a reduction on his Tavern license.

A communication from the County Treasurer, respecting the description of non-resident lands.

And several subscription lists for the erection of a Town Hall, together with the report of the committee appointed to receive proposals and examine the sites offered for a Town Hall, for the use of the Townships, &c.

A resolution was passed accepting the sureties offered by Joshua Miller, an applicant for Tavern License, also, confirming the sureties for Adam Yake and Henry Stapleton, applicants for Tavern Licenses in Stouffville, as accepted by the Clerk,

On motion of Mr. Randall, seconded by Mr Macklem, Mr Charles Starr was appointed Overseer of highways in Road Division No. 7, in the 4th Con. in place of Mr. Mordecai Starr, resigned, and Mr Jacob Pryne, in the place of Mr Charles Reid, in Road Division No 5, in the 9th Con., removed.

Passed, a By-Law to authorize the performance of statute labor in the village of Aurora, in lieu of commutation therefore.

A By-law to dissolve Union School Section with Markham No. 4 and unite the same with School Section No 7 was read a first and second time. Third reading next meeting.

The Treasurer was authorized to refund to Mr Wm Brow $12 of his license.

Joseph Sheffer, Overseer of highways in Road Division No. 1, in the 5th Con. was authorized to expend certain monies arising from the sale of timber within his Division.

Mr Brodie moved, seconded by Mr Macklem, that the bond entered into with this corporation by Luke Jordan and Patrick Mahon, for the fulfilment of a certain contract on the road, be and is hereby released.

Mr Harrison moved, seconded by Mr. Randall, that the report of the Town Hall Committee be received, and that this Council select the first proposition in said report, viz:—that of Samuel Irwin, on the south-west corner of lot No. 21, in the 5th concession, and that a By-law be prepared and passed at the next meeting, to be submitted to the ratepayers for approval or otherwise, so soon thereafter as the law directs.

On the vote being taken, Mr Macklem called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs Harrison and Randall.

Nays—Messrs. Macklem and Brodie.

The Reeve voting, with the yeas declared the motion carried.

Mr Brodie moved, seconded by Mr Macklem, that it is expedient for the better observance of the By-laws of this Township, that a new and correct copy of all the By-laws pertaining to the duties and powers of Township Officers, be compiled and published, and one to every officer within this Municipality, and that this Council do meet on the 19th day of May next at Aurora, and arrange the same.

The several petitions for aid on the roads were laid over until next meeting, and the Council adjourned to meet at Mr Charles Case's Inn, Aurora, on Friday the 18th day of May next, at ten o'clock, a.m.

Correspondence.

☞ We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the New Era.

SIR—I have read the correspondence, about the late "inquest at Aurora," with some little interest. The "Friend of the Deceased" seems to have stated what happened at it *very quietly*, and also, with *perfect correctness* in every material point according to young Mr. Kennedy's letter, and the statements of parties, whose word, no one can doubt.

Our excellent coronor Dr Pyne, notwithstanding all he has written has, as the "Friend" most truly says, "*answered nothing*," every letter the *wordy* Coroner writes is further and further from the point, and he *foolishly* and *vainly* appears to think that the Public, will follow him in his wanderings. My own mind as well as the minds of all the numerous intelligent readers of your increasingly valuable and widely circulated Journal, can see on which side right lies; the very *length* and the perfect emptiness (the latter being more evident in each succeeding letter) of Dr Pyne's letters, plainly show this; for every body who can *read*, sees that they consist only of *long words*, "strung together like ropes of onions."

If Dr Pyne were as wise as his friends would like to see him, he would have quit writing long ago; knowing as he must have done, from the first that he had nothing at all worth saying, to say, those who wish him well, would have expected him not to enter the lists at all but to receive *quietly*, and in a proper spirit the rebuke which nearly all agree with "The Friend" in thinking he so well deserved.

But if as seems to be the case, the *official* and as most say, *too officious* Doctor thinks differently, and chooses to sicken all your many readers weekly with a long windy stupid, and uninteresting letter about little or nothing for a year from this date or until you, Mr Editor, in mercy to him and your readers, are forced to close your columns he may do so; yet to me, and to hundreds of others *this* appears no reason why the controversy should be kept up; let him who can fill so many sheets, as "*The Friend*" says, "*with nothing*" have it *all to himself*, by all means.

In real friendship for the "Friend of the Deceased" whoever he is, I would strongly counsel him to try this plan. He ("the friend) has done his duty *nobly*, and the public almost to a man see the case as he does; do not then, my dear "friend of the Deceased," I beg of you, reply to any more of these foolish paper dirtying letters from Coroner Pyne who will no doubt in time give them up, himself disgusted at last with that scribbling of his, which from *the first*, has disgusted all who have tried to read it.

I remain, yours very truly, an inhabitant of
East Gwillimbury.

April 12th, 1860.

To the Editor of the New Era.

Dear Sir,—I wish to enquire of you, what is considered by your fraternity, as equal justice and fair play? My reason for this enquiry I will state in as few words as possible. Some week or two since you may have noticed in the Richmond Hill and Aurora dough-baked paper, an article purporting to have *been* written by Mr. Mosly, aimed at myself. Happening to meet the editor of the above paper on the occasion of the King plowing match, he told me that a letter written by Mr. Mosley, against me was publishing *in* his paper, and, also, that if I wished to answer it *over my own signature* or over that of any other, his columns were at my service, and I should have fair play. In accordance with this explicit arrangement with him, I gave him a document at Newmarket on the 24th ultimo, containing what I considered necessary, in self-defence, which he then also agreed to publish. But on his way home he took tea with Mr Lepper, and report says that the document wasthere exhibited and reconstructed by this gentleman who had promised to give fair play, to meet the views of Handy Andy and his confrees.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would not for one moment question the propriety of editors of papers exercising a vigilant caution with *regard to* all matter supplied them for publication; but I do question the right of an editor to garble any article sent him for publication, under (even as in this case) a worthless promise that both parties should have fair play. Had my letter been excluded from his paper altogether I would not have whined as Mr. Mosly did on a late occasion; but, *sir*, when this model professor of fair play takes an article from a party for publication, *reads it over in his presence*, and then states *confidentially* that he will publish it, and give each party *fair play*, and, instead of doing so, he takes the article to the friends of the opposing party,—in other words, to Handy Andy's, and there mutilates it, so as to meet his own views, or those of another party. This, of any other man would, if perpetrated by a man in any other vocation in life, be so gross a violation of every principle of justice and fair play, as to ensure the universal condemnation of the little being who could prove himself small enough to be guilty of it. But, Mr. Editor, perhaps you gentlemen of the 4th estate have a kind of "justice and fair play" peculiar to your own ideas, of which the rest of mankind are ignorant, if so, please let us know it.

Yours, &c.,
Seth Ashton.

Whitchurch, May 1st, 1859.

Parliamentary.

Legislative Assembly.

Quebec, April 24.

After the routine business, the following Bills were introduced:

To amend the Hamilton & Port Dover Railway Company.

To provide for the selection of the county town of the country of Bruce.

To amend the consolidated Statutes of Canada Chap 3, known as the Territorial divisions Act.

Messrs. Cameron, Biggar, Dorland, and Stirton presented petitions praying for dissolution of the union and the etsablishment of local governments.

Mr. Galt moved the House into Committee on his resolution to repeal the duty of Books, and to admit articles free imported for the use of consols of foreign countries.

Mr. Dorion said that every one must see with gratification that Mr. Galt acknowledged and retracted the error of imposing a duty on books. He believed, however, suggestions of the Imperial authorities obtained this concession.

Mr. Brown said in accepting the concession, he could not forget the impropriety of Mr. Galt's course last session, in putting on this impost, in the face of public opinion and the assurances of that side that if he did so, he would soon be compelled to repeal it. This constant tinkering with the customs was more injurious to the trade of the country even than a high tariff. In what a position did this legislation place booksellers who had imported largely last year and this spring, paying ten per-cent. But when Mr. Galt was taking this step, he should have gone a little further and announced that he intended to repeal the paltry postage on newspapers.

Mr. Galt said that is not in my department.

Mr. Brown said that in the absence of the Postmaster General, Mr. Galt might surely venture to take a little upon himself. He (Mr. Brown) did not speak from interested motives because his arrangements were such that the imposition of postage little affected him. The amount collected was only a few thousand dollars, yet it seriously reduced the circulation of country papers, and, perhaps, of some metropolitan ones also. It deprived thousands of families throughout the country of the only intelligence of passing events which they were in the habit of receiving from week to week.

Mr. W. F. Powell thought it was improper to tax knowledge, and was gratified by the repeal of the duty on books. He agreed also with Mr. Brown in expressing regret that the Government had felt it necessary to continue the tax on newspapers. He asked why the Postmaster General was away from his post during the sitting of Parliment? The Minister of Agriculture was also in England. Spring was comming on and what would become of the agricultural interests of the country?

Mr. Brown said what if the weevil appeared in his absence.

Mr. Powell, true, how would the attack of of the weevil be prevented? (Laughter.) To save ministers from constant visits to England, he suggested that they should have a standing representative in London.

The House then went into committee on the resolutions.

Mr. Foley moved and amendment to add the repeal of the postage on newspapers, which was ruled out of order.

The committee adopted the resolutions, and Mr. Galt introduced his Bill founded on them.

Mr Galt moved the second reading of the Bill respecting free reports of entry.

Mr. Brown rose to introduce his motion respecting the issue of the writ for East Middlesex.

Atty. Gen. Macdonald asked the postponement of the matter till to-morrow.

The report of the Committee of supply was received, those items which would create discussion being reserved.

In reference to the item of aid to superior education in Upper Canada,

Mr. Brown said the grant of $4,400 to Upper Canada College had in his opinion been properly abolished. He had always contended for the abolition, but wished to know, in consequence of a communication received from the College, whether the expenses already incurred in anticipation of the usual grant would be allowed.

Mr Galt replied in the affirmative.

The House then adjourned at 10. 30.

Quebec, May 1.

After routine busines,

Hon. Mr. Sherwood moved that on Wednesday next the House resolve itself into committee of the whole on the following resolution;—

Resolved,—That for the purpose of establishing a superannuation and annuity fund for the civil servants of the Province it is expedient to authorize the Government to apply out of the monies appropriated for the Civil Service and collection of revenue the sum of—— yearly for 7 years from 1st January 1860.

The following bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

To incorporate the Annuity and Guarantee Fund Society of the Bank of Montreal; to repeal the Act entitled an Act to incorporate the Sherbrooke Cotton Manufacturing Company; the Act to repeal the Acts incorporating the Toronto Mechanics' Institute and to permit the said Institute to be incorporated under the general act incorporating Mechanics' Institutes (from Legislative Council); to amend the Charter of the Gore Bank; to incorporate the village of Merrickville; to incorporate the St. Lawrence North Shore Navigation Company; to incorporate the St. Patrick's Literary Association of Montreal; to establish and confirm the Side Lines of the Lots in the township of Clarendon, in the County of Perth to incorporate the town of Sorel; to provide for the consolidation and liquidation of certain debts of the town of Guelph, not affected by the Act respecting the consolidated municipal loan funds; to enable the Rector and Church Wardens of the Church of St. Paul at Woodstock, to sell certain lands belonging to the said Church, (from Legislative Council).

The bill to incorporate the St. Bridget's Asylum Association of Quebec, passed through committee.

The report of the Committee of Supply was then taken up.

On the item of $12,500 for expenses of the Militia incident to the visit of the Prince of Wales, Mr Brown moved in amendment that,

"While prepared to make ample provision for the reception of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, yet this House conceives it to be the duty of Parliament that no partial grant such as the proposed item, should be made, but that the whole appropriation for the expense of His Royal Highness' visit should be submitted for the formal consideration of Parliament in order to embrace the whole necessary expenditure in one vote."

After some discussion the House divided—Yeas 35; Nays 53.

The item was then carried on a division.

The remaining items were then adopted.

The bills from the Legislative Council respecting the division line between Upper and Lower Canada; to prevent abuses in the execution of notarial deeds; and further to amend the Act incorporation the Metropolitan Gas and Water Company of Toronto were read a first time.

The following bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Management of the Indian Lands and property; respecting the 96th Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada; and to amend the 10th Section of the 55th Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada.

The House then adjourned.

☞ The cost of removing the whole of the departmental and legislative effects, and those of the Governor General, from Toronto to Quebec was $21,088. But this does not include the allowances to the various officers of the Government. The buildings rented at Quebec for the use of the departments cost annually for rent $4,500, and taxes $229 50 in all $4,829, 50.

Foreign and Colonial.

Arrival of the Vanderbilt.

Sandy Hook, April 29.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The great fight took place early on Tuesday, the 17th instant, at Farnborough, near Aldershott. The fight lasted two hours and thirteen minutes. Thirty-seven rounds were fought, when the people rushed into the ring, and Sayer's referee was crowded out. The pugilists were then ordered to desist from fighting by the referee. Both men went to grass on the last round. Sayers fell almost every round in the first dozen rounds. Sayers was knocked completely off his legs. Tom's arm owing to the Severe fighting, suffered much. Heenan's eyes were quite blocked up towards the last, and at the last round he was quite blind. Heenan showed splendid fiting throughout the contest. Heenan shows much more punishment than Sayers. Tom drew first blood. In the 10th round Heenan completely lifted Tom from the ground and threw him heavily. The eighth round lasted 20 minutes, The seventeenth round lasted 13 minutes. Wonderful skill was displayed on both sides. Tom was easily knocked off his pins. It is unknown if they will fight again. The fight was decided to be a drawn one. The opinion of the public was divided regarding who was the best man.

The works on the *Great Eastern* were progressing rapidly. The captain has not yet been chozen.

A great failure of a Liverpool cotton merchant has taken place; liabilities reported at two hundred and thirty-five thousand pounds.

SWITZERLAND.

As the Swiss demands are doubtful; separate negotiations between France and Switzeland have not been entered into, but placed in the hands of the Powers. The Federal Council denies the existance of a secret treaty with France for the partition of Savoy. England and Prussia consent to the demand of the Federal Council for a conference. Russia replied favourably to the note of the Federal Council.

ITALY.

Ballot voting on the annexation question had commenced at Nice. Immense enthusiasm. A large majority certain.

The Turin Chambers had been prorogued to the 1st of May.

The Treaty of Commerce between France and Belgium had been negotiated.

The Neapolitan Government had resolved to observe neutrality.

A popular demonstration took place at Averza favourable to Victor Emmanuel. Averza is in a state siege.

Sicily is in a state of insurrection

INDIA.

The following telegram, without date, has this day been received from India:—

"Considerable excitement exists in Bengal, arising from disturbances between the Indigo planters and Rajahs. The factory in the Marahadad district was attacked.

"The ship *Lord Raglan*, bound from Bombay to Kurrachee, was totally wrecked on the Kattywar coast. No lives lost."

The advices from Manchester were favourable.

Market for goods and yarns were quiet but steady; slight concessions, however, in some cases were made.

The Canadian Company have chartered the new Cunard screw steamer *Palestine*, and intend to despach her to Quebec on the 16th of May.

The *Suffolk* arrived with 40,000 ounces of gold. The reappearance by August of that famous comet of Charles V., has been announced by a Dutch astronomer.

Commercial Intelligence.

Liverpool Markets.—Wakefield, Nash & Co. report flour firm and advanced 6d a 1s; sales at 26s 6d a 30s 6d. Wheat buoyant and advanced 1d a 2d; sales at 10s 8d a 11s for red, and 12s a 12s 6d for white. Corn quiet; yellow 35s a 36s 9d; white 36s a 40s. Pork dull; lard dull. Ashes quiet. Sugar steady. Consols 94¼ a 94⅜ for money; and 94⅜ a 94½ a 94⅝ for account.

London Markets.—Wheat 2s higher.

Arrival of the North Briton."

Farther Point, April 30.

The Steamship *North Briton*, from Liverpool *via* Queenstown, has arrived off this point on her way to Quebec.

The news is one day later than by the *Vanderbilt* at New York.

The fight continues to attract great attention. The reference's decision in relation to the future had not been announced.

The London *Times* says the supporters of both men were satisfied that a drawn battle had been decided. The same journal has a qualified eulogy on the fight. It says that Sayers was confident of victory in ten minutes more, and that Heenan's friends requested the referee to stay the fight.

Liverpool, April 19.—Breadstuffs buoyant. Corn 6d. higher. Provisions quiet. Produce quiet and unchanged.

London, April, 19, p. m.—Consols closed at 94¼ a 94⅜ for money and account.

Great Fight between Sayers and Heenan.

(*From the Daily News, April 18.*)

This long projected fight between Heenan and Sayers took place yesterday. By four o'clock in the morning, the visitors to the scene of action were conveyed from the London Bridge station, and they alighted near Farnborough. The fight lasted two hours and three minutes, during which thirty-seven rounds were fought. Sayers drew the first blood and Heenan claimed the first knock down ... Sayers did not show any signs of punish... but his right arm was much injured by his attempts to ward off Heenan's tremendous b... Heenan once got the champion's head ... his arm and seemed about to strangle ... The referee subsequently quitted the ... and declared a drawn battle; but two or ... more skirmishes were made, Heenan seeming indifferent as to whether he hit Sayers or second.

The mob of people at the fight was immense. Long before four o'clock this (Tuesday) morning, London Bridge station was literally besieged by spectators to witness the fight, and at half-past four o'clock precisely the first special train was despatched, containing about one thousand persons, and after travelling for two and a half hours, arrived at a place called Ash, near Farnborough, where all the people got out of the train, when, after crossing several fields, they arrived at a ... meadow, in which a rope ring had been formed and precisely at half-past seven the two men entered the ring, when the Benecia Boy approached Sayers and shook hands warmly with him.

First round.—Sayers led out with his ... and caught Heenan in the mouth, and upon a second feint, he landed a significant blow on Heenan's nose, when the latter closed and took hold of Sayers by the neck, and Sayers fell.

Second.—Heenan landed a crasher on Sayers' mouth and sent him spinning to the ground. It was now plainly seen that Sayers' right arm was not of much avail to ... from the repeated stopping of blows, and ... from the repeated use he had made of it.

Third—Heenan caught Sayers ... mouth, the latter again falling.

Fourth—Heenan went up to Sayers, and ... out tremendously with his left, and hit Sayers again on the mouth, and sent him spinning to the ground.

In the fifth and sixth rounds Sayers fell without any punishment being given on either side.

Seventh—Sayers landed a fearful blow ...

Heenan's left cheek, cut it open, and Heenan's left eye became almost immediately in dark ness. This round lasted twelve minutes, and ended with Heenan knocking Sayers down by a blow in the mouth. Heenan, after a few minutes eyeing of his antagonist, let fly his left down by a blow in the mouth.

Eighth—Heenan shot out his left but was beautifully stopped with Sayer's right. After much parleying on both sides, Heenan caught Sayers on the mouth, and caused the claret to flow profusely. This round lasted twenty minutes, and ended with Heenan knocking Sayers down.

Ninth—Heenan went up to Sayers, caught him in the mouth, and sent him to mother earth. Betting, which had been up to this time 2 to 1 on Sayers, rose to even, Heenan's having the call.

Tenth—Heenan closed, and threw Sayers heavily.

Eleventh—Sayers struck Heenan in the mouth and fell.

Twelfth—Heenan went up to Sayers and knocked him down, which he also did on the thirteenth round.

Fourteenth—Counter-hitting on both sides in the mouth, then closed, and Sayers fell.

Fifteenth—Heenan caught Sayers in the mouth with his left and sent him spinning round, and caught him with the right on the jaw, Sayers going down.

Sixteenth—After a few exchanges, Heenan shot out and knocked Sayers down,

The seventeenth was a similar round to this.

Eighteenth—Sayers did much towards closing Heenan's right eye and fell.

Nineteenth and twentieth rounds they closed Heenan throwing Sayers in both instanc s.

In the twenty-first and twenty-second round. Heenan went up to Sayers and knocked him down. (Loud cheers.) Betting four to one on Heenan.

Twenty-third—After some severe hitting on both sides, Heenan's face becoming much disfigured, they closed, and Sayers had a throw recorded in his favour.

Twenty-fourth—Heenan again knocked Sayers down.

Twenty-fifth—Sayers caught Heenan a poser on the nose, the claret flying about. The two closed and fell, Sayers under.

Twenty-sixth—Sayers landed a severe blow bn Heenan's left check and fell

Twenty-seventh—Heenan followed Sayers about the ring. Slight counter-hitting. The former landed another on Sayers' mouth and he fell.

Twenty-eight—A similar round to the last, Sayers falling.

Twenty-ninth—Heenan, with his left, caught Sayers in the mouth and brought him to the ground.

Thirtieth—Sayers caught Heenan a bang on the nose; the two closed, and Sayers again fell.

Thirty-first—Sayers landed a severe blow on the mouth; the two closed and fell, Sayers under.

Thirty-second—In this round Heenan retired to his corner, and seemed rather reluctant. At calling out, Sayers looked at him anxiously, let fly with his left and gave a telling blow on Heenan's frontispiece. Betting even on Sayers.

Thirty-third—Heenan landed a crasher on Sayers.

At the time it was evident that daylight was becoming of almost no avail to Heenan, as both his eyes were nearly closed and his face altogether presented a frightful appearance.

Thirty-fourth—Sayers hit out rapidly, twice giving it to Heenan both at the nose and mouth. Heenan, however, followed Sayers and struck him heavily in the mouth and sent him to the ground.

Thirty-fifth—The two soon closed and Sayers held off Heenan by the neck and hit him severly on the left eye.

Thirty-sixth—The two closed Sayers was thrown.

Thirty-seventh—Heenan gave Sayers one in the mouth, the latter falling.

Thirty-eighth—Sayers closed and fell, Heenan gave Sayers one on the head, when he had almost reached the ground. A question of foul play was raised, but it was not persevered in, being considered an accident. Heenan got his arm round Sayers' neck, and to all appearances was strangling him. Cries of "Let him go" were raised. Heenan, however, stuck to his hold and the ring was broken in. The greatest confusion prevailed. The umpire was carried away in the throng, and the fight was prematurely to a close neither having been declared the winner. The contest lasted two hours and eight minutes.

LONDON, Wednesday evening, 18th.—There was a rumour this morning that the men will fight again, but nothing authentic has transpired, and there has not been a meeting of the parties interested.

LATEST:

The rumor that the English Champion would have been defeated had the fight been allowed to go on is contradicted by the *Times*, on the authority of the referee, who states that they closed the conflict only in compliance with the wishes of the Americans.—When the ring was broken, the referee was outside the ring round combatants while the last three or four rounds were fought. The friends of Heenan insisted on his return to stop the fight, claiming, in accordance with the rules of the ring, that when the inclosure was broken into the combat should cease. They therefore made a passage for him to return to the men and stop them, which they accordingly did, in spite of the wishes of Sayer's supporters, who were confident of his winning in a few minutes more. No other hostile meeting will ever take place between the two men, as the supporters of each consider that the courage and endurance of both have been sufficiently proved, and they will therefore consent to the late contest being considered a draw battle. The *Times*, in a leader on the great fight, remarks that nations without great qualities could not have brought together two men willing to pass through such an ordeal as the terrible fight of Tuesday."

☞ The employee's of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Rail Road are getting ready one of their finest cars to convey the Prince of Wales over that line.

☞ Prince Napoleon son of the ex-King, Jerome, and cousin of Napoleon III. is coming to the United States. He is said to strongly resemble his uncle, the first Emperor.

☞ The Lieut Governor of Newfoundland has received a letter informing him that the Prince of Wales will visit that island on his way to Canada in the *Renown*. He is expected in Newfoundland in July next.

☞ Mr. Bellingham, the late member for Argentuil, is in the field a candidate for the honor of representing the electoral division of Inkerman, in the Upper House.

☞ The Guelph Advertiser learns that wolves have been uncommonly numerous lately in the back part of Egremont and Proton.

☞ Barnum offers a hundred dollars for a speckled trout, alive, weighing four pounds, and warranted to live in fresh watter for one week. Here is a chance for anglers.

GREATE FIRE IN CUBA.—We (New York *Journal of Commerce*) has received from a merchant of this city the following important item of news brought by the steamer Star of the West, from Aspinwall. We are informed that there is no question as to its authenticity!—

"On the 19th. the largest fire ever known in the Island occurred in the valley of Trinidad. It commenced at the sugar estate called *Guaimaro*, and extended along the valley a distance of six leagues, (18 miles,) to another sugar estate called *Loma del Puerta*, sweeping all the standing cane before it. The scene, as described by the inhabitants of the town of Trinidad, is said to have been awfully grand. The burnt cane-leaves were strewn all over the town, which was so illuminated by the conflagration that a pin could be picked up in the street after dusk.

"The loss is estimated at upwards of half a million of dollars, and will reduce the production of the staple article of the island this year over eight thousand hogsheads."

TORONTO MARKETS.

May 3, 1860.

There has been a good deal of activity in the produce market during the week. For wheat the prices steadily advanced from the date of our last up to Tuesday, but they still remain very firm, at a rate quite in proportion to those current abroad. For good fall wheat $1 and and $1 53 was frequently realized on Saturday and Monday, especially after the receipt of the steamer's news. On Tuesday, however, the feeling was not so animated, in consequence of a slight decline in New York on Monday, which was not recovered on Tuesday. The outside rate paid was $1 50, and this in only four or five cases, the prevalent figures being $1 47 a $1 49 for the best grades, and $1 40 a $1 45 for common and ordinary. The average price for Tuesdays deliveries, which amounted to upwards of 2,000 bushels, was $1 48 per bushel. The market closed easy without a declining tendency.

Spring wheat was constantly advanced during the week, and has not sympathized in the decline for fall. For the best samples $1 10 a $1 12½ was frequently paid, and in a few cases $1 15 a $1 17 per bushel.

Flour has been very animated during the week, and sales have been consumated at satisfactory rates. Superfine No. 1, $5 10 a $5 20: fancy $5 25 a $5 50, extra, nominal at $5 75 a $6; double extra $6 a $6 60 per barrel.

Of Oats the supply was limited until Tuesday, when they were brought in more freely, selling by the load at 33c. a 35c, per bushel.

For Peas the market has been active, and sales easily consumated at 60c. a 63c. per bushel.

For other articles of seasonable produce the demand has been fair at the following rates:—Potatoes 25c. a 30c. per bushel. Apples $3 50 per barrel. Fresh Butter 15c. a 17c.; Tub do No. 1, 12c a 13c. and very dull; No. 2, barely saleable at 10c. a 11c. Cheese scarce and high, at 11c, a 12c. per lb., wholesale. Eggs very freely offered at 9c. a 10c. per dozen. Poultry is scarce and high. Beef of the best quality, $6 a $6 50, and rarely $7 per 100 lbs. For common and ordinary lots $5 50 a $6 are the rates demanded. Sheep are scarce at $7 a $8, and sometimes $9 each. Lambs $2 a $3 each, and becoming plentiful. Calves are in good supply at $3 a $4. Hay $9 a 17, and in good supply. Straw plentiful at $8 a $9 per ton. Beef Hides $5 50 per 100 lbs. Sheep skins $1 25c each.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, May. 4, 1860.

WHEAT, $1 20 a $1 35.
SPRING WHEAT, $1.00.
FLOUR, $5.
OATS, 33cts.
Barley, 60.
PEAS, 50 cts
POTATOES, 20 cts
BUTTER, 16 cts.
EGGS, 10 cts.
CHEESE 12½cts a 15cts.
CLOVER SEED, $5 50 a $6.
Bran per 100 lbs $0,60.

Birth;

In Newmarket, on the 25th inst., the wife of Mr Thomas Claffy of a daughter.

Died;

In Whitchurch, on Friday last, Mr John Wesley at the advanced age of 69 years, and numbered among the oldest settlers: His remains were followed to the grave by a large cortege,—probably not less than one hundred vehicles.

In East Gwillimbury, on Sunday last, Elizabeth wife of Mr Thomas Souls, aged about 60 years.

New Advertisements.

LADIES!

—ooo—

Bogart, Padfield & Co.,

Have Just Received a Choice Lot of

STRAW GOODS,

PLUMES.

FEATHERS, FLOWERS,

Parasols, Dress Patterns,

Mantles & Crape Cloths,

Of New Designs!

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE ☜

Newmarket, May 3, 1860. tf-12

NOTICE.

THE Municipality of North Gwillimbury will meet on the 12th day of May inst, as a Court of Revision.

RICHARD SHEPPARD, Town Clerk.

North Gwillimbury, May 2nd, 1860 1w-12

Cow Strayed.

FROM the premises of the subscriber, Newmarket, on Saturday night last, April 28th: She is of red and white color—somewhat spotted has had the shell knocked off her horn and one of her ears torn by a dog. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

J. B. CALDWELL.

Newmarket, May 2, 1860. tf-12

Tenders for Excavating.

THE undersigned will receive tenders for excavating a ditch across the front of Lot No 22, in the 4th Con. of Whitchurch—said ditch to average Eight feet wide at the top and two feet wide at the bottom, and four feet deep. The work to be commenced by the 20th inst. and completed on or before the 1st of October. Specifications may be seen at the residence of Joshua Willson, Senr. and further particulars learned by applying to the undersigned.

JOSHUA WILLSON.
JOHN CLUDINE.

Whitchurch, May 1st, 1860. 2w12.

EXTRAORDINARY
Entertainment at Newmarket,
On the 24th of MAY, 1860:

LECTURE ON THE DRAMATIC ART!

A SACRED Drama in five Acts, from Cardinal Wiseman's Book

FABIOLA!

Performed by a number of young *DILETTANTI*.

GRAND CONCERT

During the evening and between the Acts.

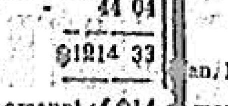
FATHER PROULX;

And a number of Clergymen are expected.

The Catholic Church

Will be fitted up for the occasion. Doors open at 6½ p. m. Admission, 25cts. The proceeds are to liquidate debts.

Newmarket, May 2, 1860. 3w12



DENTISTRY.

DR. S. N. PECK.

SURGEON DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY announces that he will be in

NEWMARKET—the first three days of each month.
BRADFORD—the fourth of each month.
BOND HEAD—The 6th and 7th of May, July, September, November, January.
BROWNSVILLE—The 8th and 9th of the same months, When he will be most happy to wait upon those who require his services in any of the

BRANCHES OF HIS PROFESSION,

Or make good any operation previously warranted. Dr. S. N. P., for the future, intends to work cheaper than any other Dentist in the Province.

Teeth Inserted on Gold or Silver Plate or Vulcanized Rubber.

☞ Teeth Extracted with the least possible pain, and particular attention paid to the Regulation of Children's Teeth.

Newmarket, May 5nd, 1860. tf-12.

Court of Revision!

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Township of King, will meet as a Court of Revision,

On Friday, the 25th of May next,

At Dale's Hotel, King Station, at the hour of TEN o'clock a. m., of which all parties interested are hereby requested to take notice.

JOSEPH WOOD, Town Clerk.

King, 2th May, 1860. td-12

Copying Presses!

THE undersigned having received the agency for the sale of

DOEL'S PATENT PORTABLE

COPYING PRESS

For the County of York, Mechanics, Brokers, Tradesmen and others desiring a cheap and speedy means of copying, will find it to their advantage to obtain one of the above Presses. All orders by mail promptly filled.

ELI G. IRWIN.

Newmarket, May 2, 1860. 3w12

Notice!

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Municipal Council of the Municipality of Newmarket, will set as a

Court of Revision,

And appeal at the Court House, on

Monday, the 14th day of MAY, 1860,

At the hour of 7 o'clock p. m. A copy of the Assessment Roll may be seen at the Post Office.

EDWIN P. IRWIN, Village Clerk.

Newmarket, May 2, 1860. td-12

For Sale or to Rent,

A HOUSE and lot within half a Mile of Newmarket. Terms Liberal. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to L. B. Pearson, Maple Grove.

Maple Grove, 1st May, 1860. 2w12.

FRESH TIMOTHY SEED!

FRESH CLOVER SEED!!

Hungarian Grass Seed!

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber a fresh lot of the above seeds, which will be sold at lowest prices.

Wm. McMASTER, Jr.

Newmarket, April 26, 1860. tf-11

JUST RECEIVED

FRESH Plaster, Water Lime, and Seeds of all kinds and for Sale at

BOGART, PADFIELD & CO.'S.

Corner of Main and Timothy Streets.
Newmarket, April 11, 1860. tf—9.

Cheaper than Ever!

THE undersigned, in returning thanks to his friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing basines in this place, would inform them that he is now prepared to

SELL BOOTS & SHOES,

Of every description, at prices that will *DEFY COMPETITION*. His motto is "quick sales and small profits," and is selling at

Ten per Cent below the usual cost, for Cash.

Call and examine the stock and you will be satisfied it is the best and the cheapest ever offered before in this market.

FARMER'S PRODUCE,

Of every description, taken in exchange for goods. Don't forget the

SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT,

Opposite the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket.

Having just returned from the Old Country and imported a large quantity of the best *CABBAGE SEEDS* he is prepared to sell the same cheap for Cash, or trade.

B. LEE.

Newmarket, April 18, 1860. tf-10

To be Let,

A ROUGH CAST DWELLING-HOUSE containing 6 rooms,—with an excellent cistern. A well is now being dug in the garden attached. Apply at this office.

Newmarket, April 5, 1860. tf-8

NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned have this day entered into Partnership, under the name and style of

"BOGART, PADFIELD & CO."

for the purpose of carrying on a General Mercantile Business, in the old established stand, at the corner of Main and Timothy-streets, Newmarket, and will, in a few days, open a very large and choice stock of goods.

M. W. BOGART,
ROBERT H. SMITH,
C. W. PADFIELD.

Newmarket, April 2, 1860. tf-8

Tavern to Let!

THE Brick Tavern on Yonge Street, known as "*ELGIN HOUSE.*" Immediate possession. Apply to,

GEO. P. DIXON.

Elgin Mills, Richmond Hill, April 19, 1860. } tf-10

Behold the Conquering
HERO COMES!

THE
Conqueror of High Prices
2
The Annihilator of Extortioners
COMES WITH A

GENERAL STOCK

OF

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

COMPRISING the latest novelties and newest styles in

DRESS GOODS,

Parasols, sewed Muslin goods of every description, black colored and fancy Silks, Gloves and Hosiery, Prints of every description, including a very select lot of French (Bordered) Cambrics. Ladies Tuscan, Dunstable and Fancy Bonnets, Ladies and Childrens Hats, Ribbons Trimmings, Grey and Bleached Cottons, Tickings, Denims, Drills, Carpet and Cotton Yarn, Seamless Bags, &c, &c. The

LARGEST STOCK,

OF

FAMILY and GENERAL GROCERIES

(Including a very superior lot of fresh TEAS, direct from New York,) he has ever offered to the public. *THE BEST ASSORTMENT* of

HEAVY AND SHELF

HARDWARE,

Ever offered in this section of the country, including a superior assortment of

No. 1 Gartsherrie, Glasgow, Blair & Swede Iron: Namely Bar, Rod, Hoop, and Band Iron, Bar, Spring and Toe Calking Steel, &c. &c. &c.

Which will be offered at prices that will defy competition. A choice assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Including the latest styles in Ladies Misses, Mens, Youths, Boys, and Children wear, among which will be found Ladies and Misses Prunella, Enameled and Balmoral Gaiters, Childrens, Patent, Calf and Kip Boots and Shoes, in endless varieties, Mens, and Youths, Heavy Enameled, and Calf Brogans, Boots, Gaiters, and Shoes.

THE GREATEST ASSORTMENT

OF

Ready-Made

CLOTHING

Ever offered for sale here, which for durability, neatness and cheapness, cannot be surpassed.

N. B.—Garments made to order on the shortest notice by first class Workmen,

WARRANTED TO FIT.

—ooo—

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

CHINA,
GLASS,
EARTHEN, AND
STONE WARE, &c.,

Including China and Granite Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Pitchers, Dinner and Tea Plates, Platters, Bowls, Cups and Saucers,

PRESERVE DISHES,

Sugar Bowls, Cream Ewers, Pie Dishes, &c.

A TREMENDOUS ASSORTMENT OF

MEN & BOYS
FELT,
PANAMA,
TUSCAN,
LEGHORN, AND
STRAW HATS,

Among which will be found the

ZOUAVE,
LEDGER,
AND
MORPHY HATS.

—ooo—

N. B.—The subscriber has this season given especial attention to the selection of his stock (always remembering that to sell goods cheap they must be bought cheap) and he feels confident, in soliciting a continuance of the patronage, hitherto so liberally extended to him, knowing that as he

Buys on the Best Terms,

He will be found to sell the same—His goods being all marked and will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

On hand and for sale

WRIGHT'S CELEBRATED

PARIS PLASTER,

At Toronto Price,

$1.25 cts. Per Barrel!

Also, fresh ground

American Salt and Water Lime,

Which will be sold equally low.

All kinds of Farm Produce taken in exchange at highest Market Price.

Give me a Call before you Buy Elsewhere.

☞ Remember Sutherland's Old Stand. ☜

WILLIAM McMASTER, Jr.

Water Street, Newmarket, April 26, 1860. } tf-11

Report of the Financial Affairs of the

North York H. District Ag. Society,

FOR 1858.

Dr.	$ c.	Cr.	$ c.
To amount of subscription received from Members,	97 00	By am't paid to Township Societies, King,	317 00
Amount paid for pens and entrance fees from competing members,	49 00	Georgina and North Gwillimbury,	84 95
Amount rec'd from Township Societies, From King,	131 00	East Gwillimbury,	217 00
From East Gwillimbury,	90 00	Premiums paid and Incidentals	595 38
From Georgina & North Gwillimbury,	35 95		
From Whitchurch,	47 34		
From Bureau of Agricul'e	720 00		
Balance due to Treasurer,	44 04		
	$1214 33		$1214 33
		Jan, 1859, Balance due to Treasurer,	$44 04

There were also premiums to the amount of $14 00 more awarded in 1859, which were nor paid until the following year.

REPORT OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF THE

North York Electoral District Agricultural Society,

FOR 1859.

Dr.	$ c.	Cr.	$ c.
To am't rec'd from Members (subscrip's.)	110 00	By balance due Treasurer from 1858.	44 04
Entrance fees Competitors	43 00	Amount paid to Township Societies,	
From Township Societies, King,	260 00	King	390 00
East Gwillimbury,	125 00	East Gwillimbury,	187 00
Whitchurch,	102 00	North Gwillimbury & Georgina,	67 20
North Gwill'y & Georgina,	67 20	Paid as premiums,	344 25
From Bureau of Agriculture.	479 80	Printing, Secretary's salary and Incedentals,	49 32
		Balance in Treasurers Hands,	175 28
	$1187 00		$1187 00
Jan. 1860, Balance in treasurer's hands,	175 28		
Grant from County Council not then received	80 00		
	$225 78		

There were premiums awarded to the amount of about $36:00 which were not paid at the end of the Society's year

(Signed,) JOHN BENTLEY, N. ALLAN GAMBLE. } Auditors.

☞ Published by order.
E. JACKSON, Secretary.

Newmarket, May 2, 1860. 1w12

NEW CHEAP STORE AT AURORA!!

—ooo—

R. BOYD & BROTHER,

BEG respectfully to inform the Inhabitants of Aurora, and surrounding Country, that they have

Opened a New Store,

Opposite the W. M. Church, *YONGE STREET, AURORA*. Their stock is now nearly complete and of the very

Best Quality, Latest Styles and Fashions;

All of which they are determined to sell cheap. Remember very "Small profits and quick returns" is their motto.

A CALL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

The attention of the LADIES is specially invited to R. Boyd & Brother's

SHOW ROOM,

Where they will find a splendid assortment of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

Which will be opened for the season on the

Twenty Fifth of April.

Their Stock is all of this Springs' Importations and embrace the latest novelties in the season.

R. BOYD & BROTHER.

Aurora, April 19, 1860. tf-10

TORONTO HOUSE!!

—ooo—

JOHN BOND,

MAIN STREET NEWMARKET,

BEGS to return his grateful thanks to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding Country for the unbounded support given him since his arrival here; and would state he is now receiving his

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

From Europe, France and the United States, in abundance of the

Latest Styles and Fashions,

Of the best quality, as cheap as ever. An early call is respectfully solicited before Purchasing Elsewhere.

TO THE LADIES!

The greatest novelty for the the season is J. B's SHOW ROOM which is now open. There youwill see the LARGEST and BEST assortment of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

Ever brought to this Flourishing Town; and he proposes opening his

SHOW ROOM for the Season on the 20th of APRIL,

Of the following articles, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Mantles, Head Dresses, Opera Cloaks, Infants' Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, &c., &c., and a number of articles to numerous too mention.

Newmarket, April 12th, 1860. tf-9

J. W. EDMAND

BEGS to inform his customers and the Public, that he has received a large portion of his

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

CONSISTING OF

MUSLINS, PARASOLS,
PRINT, HATS,
BONNETS, GLOVES
RIBBONS HOSIERY, &c,

Also, a Good Stock of

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Oils, &c.

Particular attention is called to his Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which cannot be surpassed for

STYLE AND PRICE!

☞ All of First-Rate Quality and Style. ☜

Cash for Wheat! Cash for Wheat!

To which he would invite the attention of his Customers and the community in general.

Sharon, April, 12, 1860. tf.

TORONTO

Wholesale Stationers and Paper Manufacturers!

BUNTIN, BROTHER & Co,

3 & 4 Commercial Buildings, Yonge-st.,

BEGS to intimate, to their numerous customers and the trade generally, that their stock will always be found replete with every description of goods in the Stationery Department.

Blank Books of Every Description,

All the National School Books at Publishers Price. We would call special attention to our stock of

Writing, Printing and Wrapping Papers,

These goods being all our own manufacture, we sell at much lower prices than those imported from Britian.

☞ TERMS LIBERAL! ☜

Toronto, April 26, 1860. tf-11

CARD.

M. W. BOGART takes this opportunity of tendering his sincere thanks to his numerous Customers for their very liberal patronage, since in business—and would now in behalf of the New Firm (BOGART, PADFIELD & CO.) still solicit a continuance of the same—as they are determined to keep a large stock of goods, at very low prices.

Newmarket, April 20, 1860. tf-10

NEW BRICK STORE TO LET.

TO LET, that New and Spacious Store, lately erected in one of the best localities on

MAIN-STREET, NEWMARKET.

It is fitted up in the best style.

For particulars apply to

THOMAS KEOUGH.

Newmarket, April 4th, 1860. tf-8

☞ Daily Globe to copy one week, and send account to advertiser.

SIMPSON & TRENT,

IN acknowledging with many thanks the patronage bestowed on them by the public generally, beg to acquaint their friends and patrons, that they are

OPENING OUT

—A—



—FOR THE—

SPRING AND SUMMER

TRADE,

which are marked at the very LOWEST

CASH PRICE,

and they purpose, as hitherto, to confine themselves to the CASH SYSTEM of doing business, and invite your inspection of their Stock whether you buy or not.

☞ The LADIES will find amongst the dress goods many new and beautiful designs in Muslins, Barges, Coburgs, Balzarines, Silks, Lustres, some elegant Flounced Dresses in Silk and Wool; also, the famous Clotilde and Empress Eugenie ROBED DRESSES, as well as a large assortment of Parasols.

☞ YOUNG LADIES and MISSES will find a superior display of the latest and most unique style of

Straw Hats!

In this department your inspection is invited to twenty different patterns and shapes; also a large stock of

Gentlemen's Hats, Caps, &c.,

in Straw, Wool, Felt, and TASH-A-WAN-TOO Cloth.

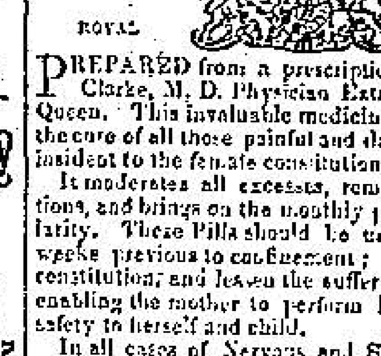
Particular attention is invited to our stock of Prints, which for Pattern, quality, washing and price, cannot be excelled.

Always on hand, a good stock of

FRESH GROCERIES,

which also are marked at the lowest living price.

N. B.—Gentlemen who indulge in the Weed, and are desirous of a good smoke or chew, if they will drop in they can be accommodated with some pure leaf Tobacco, unadulterated, at a Yorker a pound.



I tell you they have a Tremendous Stock of Goods, & Cheap too.

Main-street, Newmarket, April 3, 1860. tf-8

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

PREPARED from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases insident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excesses, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system; these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package.—Price, in the United States and Canada, one Dollar. Sole Agents for the United States and Canada,

J. MOSES, Rochester, N. Y.

NORTHROP & MOSES, Newcastle, c. w., General Agents for the Canadas

For sale by,
M. W. BOGART, Newmarket,
JOHN BOND, Do.
C. DOAN & Co., Sharon,
Wm. MOORE, Brownsville,
H. D. ELLIS, Lloydtown.

Ayre's Cherry Pectoral, Ayre's Cathartic Pills Ayre's Sarsaparilla, McLane's Vermifuge, McLane's Liver Pills, Garden's Worm Tea, Pettit's American Eye Salve, Trask's Magnetic Ointment, Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy, Marshall's Catarrh Snuff, Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, Down's Elixir.

JOHN BOND, *Agent*.

Feb. 7, 1860. tf-52

JUST RECEIVED,

DIRECT FROM BOSTON,

THE *LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST* lot of

BOOTS & SHOES

brought into this section of country,

Women's Prunella Boots, from $1 10c
Misses' Kid Do. $1 35c
Children 'sShoes $0 27c

The whole Stock having been bought before the rise, can be sold at prices which

DISTANCE COMPETITION.

JOHN BENTLEY.

Newmarket, April 5, 1860. tf-8

WM. BOWDEN,

CARPENTER, JOINER, &c.,

IN RETURNING thanks for the liberal patronage conferred since commencing business in this place begs respectfully to intimate that he has

REMOVED TO HIS NEW PREMISES,

Second house north of the residence of R H Smith, Esq., and is now prepared to contract for the

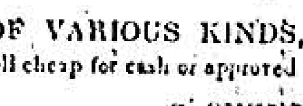
Erection of Buildings

Of all descriptions—and furnish materials or otherwise as may be agreed upon. Constantly on hand, Doors, Sashes, Venetian Blinds, &c.

☞ Orders Respectfully Solicited.

Lumber and Farm Produce taken in exchange.

Newmarket, April 10, 1860. tf-9



FARMERS, ATTENTION!

THE Subscriber has now on hand a large number of

PLOWS OF VARIOUS KINDS,

Which he will sell cheap for cash or approved paper.

S. SYKES.

Newmarket, April 20th, 1860. tf-10

COW STRAYED!

STRAYED from the premises of the subscriber, Newmarket, on the 7th inst., a light *BRINDLE COW*, about 8 years old, with white hind foot, and the tips of her horns have been cut off. She is either with calf, or calved since the above date.

G. BELL.

Newmarket, April 19th, 1860. tf-10

Grand River Plaster,

JUST Received and for Sale by J. W. MARSDEN.
Newmarket, 9th Feb. 1860. tf-52

For Sale!

2,000 FENCE & FOUDATION CEDAR-POSTS. Enquire of
A. J. McCRACKEN.
Newmarket, Feb. 7, 1860. tf-52

SHARON BOOT AND SHOE STORE!!

THE subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to the inhabitants of Sharon and surrounding country, that having purchased the *Boot and Shoe Establishment formerly conducted by Mr. Chas. Haines,* in this place, he is now prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored, on the shortest notice, with

NEATNESS, DURABILITY & DESPATCH.

☞ The undersigned is determined to do a Cash Business. He will sell at unprecedentedly Low Prices, reduced much below the usual rates in Sharon.

A Call respectfully solicited.

Farm Produce taken in Exchange for Work.

WILLIAM MALLOY,
Sharon, March 14, 1860. *3m-5

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use

FENDT'S Bronchial Cigarettes,

Made by C. B. Seymour & Co., 107, Nassau-street, N.Y. Price $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
March 28, 1860. 6m

Just Received

FROM Philadelphia, a full supply of Dr. D JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES. Also—
Jayne's Guide to Health,
And Medical ALMANAC for 1860.
JOHN BENTLEY.
Newmarket, Oct. 6 1859. tf-31

ROBERT BRODIE
Builder, and Contractor,
NEWMARKET.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore conferred upon him, respectfully intimates to the public in general, that he is prepared to contract for the Erection or Removal of Buildings, or any description of work in connection with his line of business.

LUMBER FURNISHED IF REQUIRED.

☞ *WINDOW-SASH and DOORS* of every description ready-made and made to order on the shortest notice.

Shop—on Water street, Newmarket.
Newmarket, March 21st, 1860. tf-v9-n6

For Sale,

SOME Four Lots, beautifully situated on Niagara Street—being part of the "Cricket Ground," at Newmarket.

Terms Easy.—For particulars enquire of B. W. Hellen, Esq. P. L. S., Newmarket
August 16, 1859. tf-4

Spring Fashions
—of—
MILLINERY GOODS.

THE undersigned begs respectfully to intimate to the Ladies of Newmarket, and public generally that her

MILLINERY SHOW ROOMS
WILL BE OPEN
On THURSDAY, April 5th, 1860,

Where will be displayed the latest Fashions of Spring Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Feathers, &c.. Embracing the newest French, English and American designs and patterns.

Prices Extremely Low!

ELLEN MAGUIRE.
Newmarket, March 23, 1860. tf—7

ENGLISH CHEMICALS
General Drugs and Medicines!

DR. BENTLEY

HAS always in stock a complete assortment of the above, all of which are warranted genuine. Persons requiring Medicines which can be relied on will do well to call, as they may depend on obtaining what they need and obtaining it fresh, pure and at a

REASONABLE PRICE!

PURE COD LIVER OIL,

The Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda and Iron, Gazzino, Morse's Indian Root Pill, Vermifuge, and a supply of Botanic Medicines just received. Also,

Trusses, Syringes, Sponges, &c., &c.

Physicians and Dealers Supplied on liberal terms.

The Drug Store, Corner of Main and Water Street's
Newmarket, Aug. 4, 1859. tf-2

MILLINERY.

MISS FLEMING

BEGS respectfully to intimate to the Ladies of Newmarket and vicinity, that she has now on hand a large and varied stock of

Millinery Goods

adapted for the season, which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

Felt Hats Remodeled

to the Latest Fashion, and

Straw Bonnets Colored on the shortest notice

☞ A call respectfully solicited.
Newmarket, Nov 17, 1859. tf-1859

ALBION HOTEL,
MONTREAL.
L. W. DECKER, Proprietor,

IS pleasantly situated at the head of ST. PAUL STREET, amongst the largest wholesale houses in the city. It has (with business men generally, especially with the best merchants of both Provinces) become so great a favorite, that it is now acknowledged to be THE Business Hotel in Montreal. To meet the extensive increase during the past year, in the business of the house, the proprietor has built a large addition. The Dining Room has been extended, and made more commodious; there has been completed in the new wing, a great number of well-ventilated sleeping rooms, and the house throughout has been refitted, and now contains many improvements and conveniences hitherto unknown to its guests. The whole of the Beds have, at a great expense, been furnished with New SPRING MATTRASSES. The Proprietor expects, that by continuing his personal management of the concern, The ALBION, to say the least of it, will continue to be, as it now is, the *Best Dollar a Day Hotel in Canada.*
Montreal, Nov. 18, 1859. 1y-40

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,
Chartered by act of Parliament,
Capital 100,000.
Home Office Toronto.

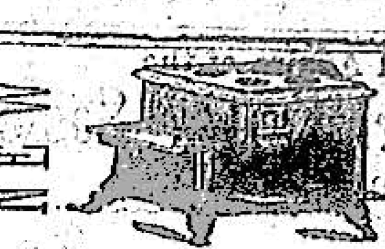
President, I. C. Gilmor,
Vice President, Thos. Haworth.

DIRECTORS.
Mitchell, W. Henderson,
Beaty, Rice Lewis,
Macfarlane, T. P. Roberts,
M. P. Hays.

ANGUS MORRISON, Solicitor.
ROBT. STANTON, Sec'y. & Tres'y.

The Subscriber has been duly appointed Agent at Newmarket, for the above Company, and will give personal attention to parties desirous of effecting Insurance &c.

THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, Feb. 17, 1854. tf-2



NEW STORE

TIN & COPPER WAREHOUSE,
Directly opposite the North American Hotel, Main-Street,
NEWMARKET.

THE Undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in business, respectfully intimates that he has just received a large and varied assortment of

COOKING, BOX, PARLOR, HALL AND BED-ROOM STOVES,

Which he will sell at the lowest remunerative profits. Constantly on hand, all kinds of Tin Ware. Having added to his stock the whole of the EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of

TIN-WARE, &c.,

Embracing the STOCK-IN-TRADE of MR. GEORGE MORTIMER, the whole will be disposed of

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Also, on hand, a splendid assortment of

Fancy Bird Cages!

☞ Orders for Tin Roofing, Eave-Troughing, Plumbing and Bell Hanging, promptly executed.

COPPER WORK,

In all its branches, neatly executed, and on the most Reasonable Terms, such as

Copper Stills, Pumps, Steam-Pipes, Brewers' Kettles, &c.

Being a *PRACTICAL PLUMBER*, he is prepared to execute orders for the fitting up of a Water-Closets, Sinks, Cisterns, Pumps, Hot and Cold Water Baths, &c., &c.

Old Brass, Copper, Lead, and Rags taken in Exchange for Tin-Ware; likewise Farm Produce.

W. S. WAITE.
January 25, 1860. tf-50

☞ AFFLICTED READ!

European
MEDICAL HOUSE!
—AND—
Botanic Dispensary,
No. 51, KING-ST., WEST, TORONTO, C.W.,
—ESTABLISHED BY—
Dr. GOODING, (formerly of England,)

A NEW, SPEEDY, and most SUCCESSFUL mode of treating

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Marasmus or wasting Consumption, Seminal Weakness, Disease of the Kidneys & Bladder, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Mercurial Chronic Complaints, etc., etc., etc.

☞ No Charge for Advice.

DR. GOODING is now engaged in treating this class of maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by him is new, it is based on scientific principles, and new discovered remedies, without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such, that patients can be cured at their own houses without expense, in any part of the country, from an accurate description of their case by letter, and have the medicine sent them by mail or express.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by bad habits in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pain, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the New Botanic Remedies.

Country Patients.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Address, DR. GOODING,
No. 51, King-st. West,
Toronto, C.W.
Toronto, Dec. 29, 1859. 1y-46

Patent, Patent.

IMPORTANT TO SHOE MAKERS.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the Trade in general that he has bought of MR. THOMAS ARMSTRONG, Patentee, the full right to Vend and Sell in the North Riding of York, the improved method of

CUTTING AND CRIMPING.

The great advantages derived from this Patent is, that Crimping in the usual way is entirely done away with, as Crimping Machines and Blocks are not required. There is also a saving of three to four fronts in one side of upper. This fact alone is well worthy the attention of those who belong to the Trade. Our experience in the business warrants us in saying that this improved method is of a greater benefit to the Trade than anything yet introduced. The above Patent Right was granted April 5th. 1859. Parties in the Trade wishing to purchase Shop Rights, will please address to the subscriber,—

THOMAS HIGGINS,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
HOLLAND LANDING.
Holland Landing, Jan. 2, 1860. tf-47

Wanted to Exchange

BRAN and Shorts for Store Pigs and a Farrow Cow.
Apply to the Newmarket Steam Mills.
O. FORD.
Newmarket, Feb 2, 1860. tf-51

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS,

OF all description, on hand for sale. Apply at the *NEW ERA OFFICE.*
Newmarket, June 3, 1856

FLOUR FOR SALE.

THE undersigned begs to intimate to the citizens of Newmarket and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand for sale, a very

Superior article of Flour,

Manufactured at Lundy's Mill. Terms reasonable.
T. A. HARTON.
New market, June 17, 1859. tf-18

"Equitable" Fire Insurance Company OF LONDON.

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING.

General Agent, British North American Colonies
CHARLES F. TILSTONE
MONTREAL.

This Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire, all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the same; Ships in Harbour or in dock; Craft on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and the Goods laden in the same; and Farming Stock of all descriptions.

The "Equitable" Fire Office will, by constant analysis of its own experience from time to time, adopt such rates of Premiums as the nature of the risk may justify.

With this view, an annual investigation will be made into each class of risk, and a return of one moiety of fifty per cent—of the nett excess will be made to all classes of Insurers, whose Policies have been in force for three years.

The engagements of the "*Equitable*" are guaranteed by a responsible proprietary, and an ample subscribed Capital. The insured are free from the liabilities of a *Mutual Insurance Society*, and entitled, according to the plan of the Company, to a return of half the profits.

Losses are made good without deduction or discount, and are adjusted and paid in Montreal, without reference to London.

R. H. SMITH, *Agent,*
Newmarket.
March 12, 1858.

R. FLEMING,
Saddle, Harness and Trunk Maker;
Sign of the Saddle and Collar, Main Street, Newmarket.

R. FLEMING in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and increasing number of customers for their liberal patronage solicits a continuance. He received a

Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition,

Held in Toronto, for his manufacture of Harness, and therefore, has every confidence in guaranteeing his work.

A choice assortment of Saddles, Bridles and Martingales,

SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS,

Of every description, Whips, &c. &c., constantly kept on hand, as he is determined to give his friends and customers who favor him with their custom, articles of the best quality and newest style

AT MODERATE CHARGES.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and you will be well paid for your trouble.

☞ *ALL WORK WARANTED.* ☜

Hides and suitable Farm Produce taken in exchange for Work.

All Orders and Repairing done on the shortest notice. Remember the place, ☞ *SIGN OF THE SADDLE AND COLLAR.* ☜
Main-st., Newmarket, July 7, 1859. tf-7

H. THOMPSON'S
SADDLE, HARNESS AND TRUNK EMPORIUM,
Opposite Mrs. Forsyth's Rail-Road Hotel,
Main-street, NEWMARKET.

H. THOMPSON has always taken the FIRST PRIZE for *SADDLES, HARNESS and COLLARS, wherever exhibited,* therefore, has every confidence in

☞ WARRANTING HIS WORK to give every SATISFACTION. ☜

A superior assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's *FANCY QUILTED and PLAIN SADDLES, BRIDLES, MARTINGALES, WHIPS, SPURS, &c.; SINGLE and DOUBLE HARNESS* of every description constantly kept on hand and made to order.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

In all its branches done in the neatest style. ☞ Carriage Trimmings for sale,

ALL ORDERS AND REPAIRING DONE ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
CHARGES MODERATE.

WANTED—200 lbs. Good Deer Hair.

Main-street, Newmarket, April 5th, 1860. tf-8

SELLING OFF.
Great Clearing sale of Family Groceries,
☞ At Cost, for Cash Only.

IN consequence of not being able to clear off their goods by the date previously advertised, the subscribers have determined to continue the Sale until the whole of their immense Stock is completely disposed of.

Remember the Old Stand, 231, Yonge-st., Corner of Shuter-st.

J. C GRIFFITH, & Co.
Toronto, October 13, 1859. tf-35

Timber for Sale.

FOR Sale, any quantity of various sizes and lengths; as the subscriber is clearing land, orders will be filled at low rates.

Also, Cedar Posts for Fencing, Rails, &c.

Apply at this office, or to the subscriber at Queensville.

T. WINDELL.
Queensville, Jan. 11, 1860. 6m48

Pure Liquors and Rich Wines.

THE attention of Medical Men, Invalids and Connoisseurs is requested to the stock of—
Hennessey's Brandy,
Rich Old Port,
Holland's Gin,
Fine Toddy Whiskey,
Dublin Porter, &c., &c.
For Sale by the Subscriber.

JOHN BENTLEY.
Main Street, Newmarket, June 24, 1859. tf-21

TO FARMERS.

WANTED to Exchange, first-class Sugar Kettles for Wood.
Apply at the Foundry of the undersigned.
S. SYKES.
Newmarket, Jan. 11, 1860. tf-4

CHEAP
BOOT & SHOE STORE.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him since commencing business in

Newmarket,

The undersigned begs respectfully to intimate that he is now in receipt of the Largest, Cheapest, and most varied assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS,

Ever offered by him to the public, embracing Ladies', Gents' and Children's

BALMORAL BOOTS,

Of superior quality,—together with Boots and Shoes of almost all descriptions.

☞ *A Call is respectfully solicited.* ☜

W. CARLINE.
Newmarket, May 18, 1859. tf-14

For Sale,

ONE Hundred and Thirty-three Acres of land being the Eighteenth Lot in the 19th Con., of the *TOWNSHIP OF STEVEN*, being of good soil and one acre cleared with a small house erected thereon. A creek runs across the front end.—The lot is situated within two miles of Lake Huron. Apply to DAVID WEBSTER, the last lot on the 4 Con. of the Township of King.
February 23, 1860 tf-2

Furniture Wareroom.

JOSEPH MILLARD, Newmarket, has constantly on hand a large Assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Black Walnut and Mahogany Side boards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and other articles usually required.

PATENT BEDSTEADS, of various descriptions; also, Coffin Plates, Mirrors, Varnish, &c., kept for sale.

As the subscriber keeps COFFINS ready made, he is prepared to furnish Funerals, on the shortest notice.

Newmarket, February 18, 1854.

☞ Half-Dollar Tea. ☜

Tea for Half-a-Dollar per Pound,

OF a Superior Quality, can be had at the Store of

E. HUGHES.

All other Goods corresponding in quality and price.
Prospect-st., Newmarket, Jan. 26, 1860. tf-50

NEW CABINET SHOP!!

J. & H. WARNER,

BEG respectfully to intimate to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding country, that they have recently opened a

CABINET FURNITURE WARE ROOM,
Botsford's Old Stand—Main Street.

And are now prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favored in the newest style, and at low prices.

☞ *ALL WORK WARRANTED.* ☜
Newmarket, Feb. 24, 1859. tf-2

To Builders and Persons Building.

THE undersigned has now on hand a large quantity of

WINDOW SASH & PANELLED DOORS,

Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest remunerative prices. He is also prepared to manufacture any description of Sash or Panel work on the shortest notice, or erect Buildings either by Contract or otherwise. Also, having a superior set of

JACKSCREWS,

Together with Tackles, Capsons, &c., for removing or raising Buildings, is prepared to take contracts for the same.

WM. V. SOUTHARD.
Newmarket, July 7, 1857. tf-23

A CARD.

TO THOSE who prefer *NATURE'S REMEDIES* which are in accordance with the laws of life,

FREE FROM ALL POISONS,

calculated to build up instead of break down the Constitution will find such

Medicines and Remedies,

for all diseases, at Dr. Ford's office, *Newmarket*, prepared with care. He would also state that he will be at home on Mondays and *Saturdays*; and personally attend to patients who may wish advice or medicine. He has engaged the services of DR. GROVER, who will at all times attend to calls.
Newmarket, Nov. 24, 1859. tf-41

Labour Saved!

THE Public are notified that the subscriber has been appointed agent for Newmarket and Vicinity, for the sale of the

Canadian Family Sewing Machine.

Families are invited to call and see them in operation. Every information will be given, and parties satisfied that the Machines are full what they are represented.

The Best Family Machine Now in Use.

JOHN TOWNLEY,
Merchant Tailor, on Timothy-*St.*, in rear of Simpson and Trent.
Newmarket, Jan. 18, 1859. tf-49

FOR SALE.

EIGHT ACRES and 60 Rods of Land, situate on Yonge-st., being the South West corner of Lot No. 72, in the 1st Con. of Whitchurch, with House, Barn, and Stable thereon. The Land is cleared and of good Quality.

For terms which are liberal, apply to James Christeson, Inn Keeper, Yonge-st., or to,

WM. MOSLEY,
Land Agent, &c., Aurora.
December 23, '59. tf-45

CHEAP
BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
[Opposite Mr. Thos. Luke's Hotel,]
Holland Landing.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the inhabitants of Holland Landing, and Public in general, that he has constantly on hand a large stock of

GENTS, YOUTHS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES, and Gaiters,

Of superior material and workmanship. Our experience in the business warrants us in saying, that we can supply purchasers with a better article than was ever before offered for sale in Holland Landing at the Lowest Remunerating Prices in Cash.

☞ A Call is respectfully solicited.

THOMAS HIGGINS.
Holland Landing, Jan. 2, 1860. tf-47

LAND FOR SALE, OR
EXCHANGE FOR STOCK.

IN the Township of Proton, a Valuable *BUSH LOT*, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

Twenty-four of which are in a high state of cultivation, with

Good Log House and Barn.

This Lot is situated on the New Gravel Road now being constructed from Toronto to Owen Sound, and is within ten minutes' walk of the Church School & Post Office; also, in the same Township

One Hundred Acres,

Having Twelve Acres Cleared, with

HOUSE AND BARN ON SAME;

also Ninety-nine Acres; also,

One Hundred Acres Bush Land,

In the Township of Albermarle.

☞ For further information, apply to

THOMAS WINDEL,
Queensville, P.O., all letters to be pre-paid.
Queensville, Jan. 31, 1860. 1m-51

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers, that he has Removed

ONE DOOR NORTH OF HIS OLD STAND.
MAIN-ST., NEWMARKET,

where he will be most happy to wait upon all who may feel disposed to entrust him with their orders.

BOOTS, SHOES, & GAITERS,

of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. As the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending the same to the public.

T. H. KEOUGH.
Newmarket, March, 22, 1859. tf-6

Important to Shoe-Makers!

NEWMARKET TANNERY.

THE Subscriber having Rented the above Establishment from Mr. Wm. WALLIS, intends carrying on the

Tanning Business

In all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of *LEATHER*, such as Spanish and Slaughter Sole, Upper, Kip, Calf, Cordivan and Lace Leather. Also, for sale—

Tanner's Oil and Cow-Hair!

All of which will be sold cheap, for cash, or three months' credit.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES AND SKINS.

THOMAS FOLEY.
Newmarket, April 29, 1858. tf-11

WAR! WAR! WAR!
Upon Bad Work and High Prices!

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers that he has

REMOVED TO HIS NEW PREMISES,
Nearly opposite Mr Morris' Grocery,
MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,

Where he will be most happy to wait upon those who may feel disposed to entrust him with their orders.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. As the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending it to the public.

J. RHINEHART.
Newmarket, *May 14, 1857.* tf-15

A FIRST CLASS
DRUG STORE!

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of

AURORA.

And Vicinity, and the Public generally, that he has opened out a

DRUG STORE,

In the above mentioned place, in the Building formerly occupied by Wm. Atkinson.

The stock consists, in part, of the following articles:—Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Pure Liquors for medical uses, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Camphor, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Turpentine, Tobacco, Snuff, Segars, Stationary, &c., &c.

All of which is entirely Fresh, and of the first Quality; in short his Stock comprises all the leading articles usually kept in a Drug Store; and as his facilities in Purchasing Goods cannot be excelled by any one, he will sell as low as any establishment in the country.

Physicians' Prescriptions ACCURATELY compounded.

Tooth Extracted

On the shortest notice,—or any other branch of DENTAL SURGERY skillfully performed, and Warranted.

C. S. LLOYD.
Aurora, Nov. 25, 1858. 1y-41

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,
BY THE USE ON ELECTRICITY,
BY DR. E. C. EDMONDS,
SURGEON DENTIST,

WHO will be at the *NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL* Newmarket, the 1st Tuesday of each Month.

Teeth Inserted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber.

All operations in his profession, performed in the most approved manner, and Warranted.

Residence:—AURORA, C. W.

E. C. EDMONDS.
Aurora, Nov. 4, 1859. tf-38

TAKE NOTICE.—The application of Electricity for Extracting Teeth being patented for the Province of Canada, I have purchased the right to use the same of W. G. Adams, proprietor.

TO BUILDERS!

PARTIES Wishing to Build, Move Turn or Raise Buildings, of any description, would do well to call on

Stephen Webster,

As he has all the tools necessary for the above purposes, which he will let on the following terms.

Jack Screws, each,	£0	2	6	per day
Rollers per set	0	5	0	"
Tackles,	0	10	0	"

Being only one-half the price usually charged in this place. The undersigned is also ready to contract for the erection, moving or raising of Buildings, of all descriptions.

STEPHEN WEBSTER.
Newmarket, July 17, 1857 tf-24

Have you seen this?

THE Subscriber in calling the attention of the public, respectfully announces, he is prepared to work

Very Cheap for Cash.

Horse Shoes set and caulked, for	$ 0.10
New Shoes for Span, all round	2.00
Common Cutters Ironed, for	11.00
Double Wagon do.	40.00

And all other work done at proportionate prices.

Shop on Prospect-st., south of Methodist Chapel.

JAMES WETHERELL.
Newmarket, Jan'y 18, 1860. tf-v8n43

Village Lots for Sale.

THE Subscribers have 12 or 14 Lots to dispose of in the handsome *VILLAGE OF QUEENSVILLE*, the most of them are on Main-street—Terms easy.

JAS. AYLWARD, & SON.
Queensville, Jan. 20, 1860. tf-51

Take Notice.

Miss SUSANNA McCAUSLAND,

BEGS to state to the inhabitants of *NEWMARKET*, and surrounding country, that she has taken the

PICTURE GALLERY,

Of the late *W. H. SOUTHARD*, opposite Mr. Bogart's Store, where she will remain for a short time. A call is solicited.

N. B. Business hours from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m.
Newmarket, Nov. 10, 1859. tf-39

FARM FOR SALE,

IN the Township of King, 2nd Concession Lot No. 6, County of York, Canada West, containing

200 ACRES—120 Cleared,

and in a high state of cultivation, with Good Buildings, an Orchard, and well watered.

It is situated 1¼ miles from Yonge-street, 3 miles from Holland Landing, and 4 miles from the flourishing Village of Newmarket. It will be sold in one lot, or in two of 100 acres each. The land is of first-rate quality.

For further particulars apply to

A. BOULTBEE, ESQ., Newmarket;
DR. BULL, Lloydtown; or,
JAMES F. GORDON,
on the premises.
King, Jan. 24, 1860. tf-50

Profitable Investment.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE!

THE Undersigned offers for sale his valuable Mill Property, situated in the front of the 5th Con. of East Gwillimbury, Lot No. 16, First Class Geared Saw Mill—on a never-failing stream of water, with from one to two hundred Acres of Pine Timber attached. The Mill is almost new, and in splendid running order.

TERMS—EASY. For particulars apply on the premises, to the proprietor

HENRY MOSIER.
East Gwillimbury, Oct. 7, 1859. tf-36

Dr. Fred. Dellenbaugh
OF BUFFALO, N. Y.,

AFTER an unprecedented successful practice of over thirty years, being about retiring from active practice, at the request of numerous friends, in all parts of the country, has consented to make two Medical Preparations upon which he has bestowed the care and knowledge of his long experience, and has left them with the different druggists for sale. To those who are acquainted with the Doctor nothing need be said; to others, it is but necessary to say, that he has for years prescribed for from 4000 to 5000 persons, annually, and always with the greatest success. Cases that have baffled other medical men, yielded readily to his treatment. The Doctor, however, has not been able, like others to cure everything with one preparation, but has put up his medicine in two bottles, which are numbered 1 and and 2. The number 1 is a

BLOOD PURIFIER,

Superior to the purest extract of Sarsaparilla, made entirely of roots and herbs of this and foreign countries, the best properties of which are extracted by an entire new chemical process. It acts in larger doses as an active physic, in smaller ones as an alterative working directly on the Liver and Kidneys, expelling therefrom all morbid matter, thus bringing into action all the organs that may have become inactive, and *may be relied on to cure Liver Complaints and complaints of the Kidneys, Incipient Consumption, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, General Debility, Old Ulcer, Scrofula Erysipelas, Indigestion, Infirmities of Youth and Age,* and all other diseases which have their origin in a disordered or impure state of the blood. It is a strengthening nature, and will never weaken or prostrate the body. The number 2 is a

FEVER MEDICINE,

And must never be taken unless in connection with No. 1. It will then cure *Inflammatory Rheumatism all kinds of Fevers and Agues, the worst effects of Colds, Coughs and all Pains whether Chronic or Acute.* These medicines will effect Cures, not removals from one part of the body to the other.

☞ Remember, to prevent confusion, these medicines are prepared by OLD DOCTOR FREDERICK DELLENBAUGH, who has practiced in Buffalo over 27 years.

To prevent fraud, a correct likeness of the Doctor is on the wrapper of each bottle, and "Dr. Fred. Dellenbaugh & Co., Buffalo N. Y." blown in the glass. Directions accompanying each bottle. No. 1 is sold for $1 per bottle; No. 2 for 75cts. With this simple notice they are offered to the public, relying on their virtues in recommending themselves.

☞ For sale by JOHN BENTLEY Newmarket. JOHN BOND, Newmarket.
September 22, 1859. 6m—33

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.
IN THE
Township of East Gwillimbury,

BEING Lot No. 25, on Union Street, 4th Concession, and distant two and a half Miles from the

VILLAGE OF QUEENSVILLE,

Consisting of 165 Acres of excellent land,—of which 100 Acres are cleared—well fenced with Cedar, and under a high cultivation,—with good

DWELLING HOUSE, TWO COTTAGES,

Two large Barns and Extensive Sheds and Stables for Cattle and Sheep. Also, a large Cellar for Roots. Buildings—all frame, new, and of the best construction. The above is one of the best

Grain and Grazing Farms

North of the Oak Ridges. A large portion of the land is underdrained with tile or wood, and the whole laid out in 10 Acre fields. Two Good Wells and sufficient supply of water on the farm for Stock, at all seasons.

☞ Possession would be given in the fall; or immediately, if crops taken at a valuation.

Terms Liberal.

CAROLINE L. WILLCOCKS.
Holland Landing, April 7, 1859. tf-

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

THE undersigned in tendering thanks for past favors, respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Newmarket, and surrounding country, that having again got possession of his

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP,

He is now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him, with NEATNESS AND DESPATCH; and as he is determined to adopt, in future, the

Cash System,

His prices will correspond with the times.

Double Wagon, finished, for	$65
Horses Shod per Span, all round	$2

And all other work in proportion.

☞ *Constantly on hand: Double Wagons, Sleighs, &c.,*

Which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Short Credit.

JOHN McKAY.
Newmarket, March 6, 1860. tf-4

CASH FOR PIGS.

THE subscriber will pay the Market Price in Cash for 100 STORE PIGS.

D. SUTHERLAND.
Newmarket, March 21, 1860. tf-5

TELEGRAPH OFFICE
Re-Opened in Newmarket.

THE Undersigned has much pleasure in intimating to the business community, that the managers of the *Montreal Telegraph Company*, has again re-opened an office in this place, and trusts the efforts which have been made to connect the office here, will be duly appreciated by the business community.

☞ Messages transmitted to any part of Canada, and the principal cities of the neighboring Republic, on the shortest notice.

O. FORD.
Newmarket, Dec. 14, 1859. tf-41

NEWMARKET WOOLLEN FACTORY

THE Subscriber having taken the above establishment, lately occupied and operated by W. A. Clark; has repaired and refitted it in the most complete and perfect order, and is now prepared to manufacture every style and grade of goods usually made in such an establishment.

Wool will be manufactured for customers upon shares, or by the yard, as they may prefer, and particular attention will be given to this branch of the business with the determination to satisfy and please the public, and with skilful and experienced workmen added to 20 years experience himself he flatters himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage.

CUSTOM CARDING
And Cloth Dressing.

The Custom Carding and Cloth Dressing department will receive his constant and careful attention, with the determination that no pains or expense shall be wanting to make this part of the establishment as popular a favorite with the public as it ever was in its best days. All the machinery in this department has been most thoroughly and completely refitted with new Cards, and repaired in the most perfect order, and is now in full and complete operation.

Customers bringing their wool from a long distance to this establishment, may rely upon having it carded to take back with them.

CASH for WOOL!

The Subscriber will pay the highest market price in Cash, for all the good clean Wool that may be offered, and intending to make the buying of Wool for Cash, a permanent business, in addition to the wants of his establishment, he hopes by the paying of liberal prices, to make Newmarket one of the best cash wool markets in Canada.

NELSON GORHAM.
Newmarket, May 18, 1859. tf-14

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS.—The high and envied celebrity which this pre-eminent medicine has acquired for its invariable efficacy in all the diseases which it professes to cure, has rendered the usual practice of ostentatious puffing not only unnecessary but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. In all cases of costiveness, dyspepsia, bilious and liver affections, piles, rheumatism, fevers and agues obstinate head-aches, and all general derangements of health, these Pills have invariably proved a certain and speedy remedy. A single trial will place the Life Pills beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

Dr. Moffat's Phœnix Bitters will be found equally efficacious in all cases of nervous debility, dyspepsia, head-ache, the sickness incident to females in delicate health and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs. For sale by DR. W. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, and by Medicine Dealers and Druggists generally throughout the country.

JOHN BOND, *Agent.*
January 6, 1860. 1y-47

Northern Railway of Canada.

TRAINS Leave Union Station as follows:

FOR COLLINGWOOD:

Mail	7 00 A.M.
Express	4 00 P.M.

Arrive at Collingwood, 1 00, P.M. and 9 00 P.M.

LEAVE COLLINGWOOD:

Express	5 30 A.M.
Mail	2 00 P.M.

Arrive at Toronto, 10 30 A.M. and 8 00 P.M.

LEWIS GRANT, *Superintendent.*
Superintendent's Office, Toronto, Feb 9th, 1860

Notice.

BRAN and SHORTS to *Exchange for WOOD* at the Newmarket Steam Mills.
By order of the Assignees.
O. FORD.

ALSO, *LOGS WILL BE SAWN* in the Spring, on Shares or by the thousand feet.
By order of the Assignees.
O. FORD.
Newmarket, Dec. 23, 1859. tf-46

LIME! LIME!

THE subscriber has recently established regular Depots for Lime, manufactured at the Holland Landing Kilns, and sold at prices to suit the times viz:—
Newmarket—Mathew Kennedy, Agent.
Aurora—John Webb, Agent.
Lime always on hand at the Kilns, and of the best quality.

HENRY BACON.
Holland Landing, June 24, 1859. tf-20

NEWMARKET
Stove, Copper, Tin, Iron, and Japan WAREHOUSE!

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed to the firm of HODGE & SON, the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

J. & J. HODGE,

And having lately purchased those commodious premises lately occupied by MRS. SARAH DAVIS, our Shop has been removed there, where will be found constantly on hand a large assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES,

Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Jappanned and Pressed Tin Ware; Cistern Pumps, and Lead Piping.

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured to order on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in the above line of business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine this Stock before selecting elsewhere.

☞ Old Cast Iron, Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Rags, Sheepskins, Furs of every description, and Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods. ☜

J. & J. HODGE.
Newmarket, Dec. 25, 1856. tf-47

THE NEW ERA
IS
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY
ERASTUS JACKSON,
At his Office, corner of Mill and Main Streets
NEWMARKET.

TERMS—7s. 6d. per year in Advance or 10s if not so paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0	2	6
Each subsequent insertion,	0	0	7½
Six to ten lines, first insertion,	0	3	4
Each subsequent insertion	0	0	10
For each line above ten,	0	0	1
Each subsequent insertion,	0	0	4
Cards, per year,	1	5	0

☞ Advertisements, unaccompanied with written instructions, will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.